(562) 690-6499; E-mail: JCKeating@aol.com

filename: LACC Chrono 1845-1920 word count: ???

# LOS ANGELES COLLEGE OF CHIROPRACTIC, AMALGAMATED INSTITUTIONS & CHIROPRACTIC IN CALIFORNIA

(1845-1920)

Color Code: Green: for emphasis Red & Magenta: questionable or uncertain information

# **Our Our**

# **CHRONOLOGY** (1845-1920)

- 1845 (Mar 7): **DD Palmer** is born in Audley, Ontario (Vear e-mail, 8/26/97)
- 1866 (July 13): Friday 1PM: George Starr **White** (MD, DC, PhD, ND), future dean of the **LACC** (1921-1923) is born in Danbury CT (White, 1924)
- 1870: Charles A. Cale is born, according to LA County census on 4/19/10, when he is 39 yrs old; see also *LA Times* funeral notice, dated 3/29/38, indicating Cale was 67 at time of his death
- 1870 (Aug 23): Charles A. Cale is born in Warren, Indiana to L.R. and Mary E. Cale (also natives of Indiana), according to county death certificate (3/27/38)
- 1873 (July 25): James Franklin McGinnis, co-founder of the Golden State College of Chiropractic (GSCC) is born in Iowa City IA
- 1874 (Oct 11): Linnie Angeline Cale born on a farm in Shelby County, Indiana (Gruber, 1983; Rehm, 1980, p. 286; CCA Journal, undated); "her father, Elwood Facemire, was of German descent and her mother, Amanda, was of English" (CCA Journal, undated)
- 1876 (Apr 3): California enacts "An act to regulate the practice of medicine" (Booth, 1924, p. 121)
- 1881 (Apr 5): Tullius de Florence **Ratledge** (TF) is born in Hartsville, Tennessee; died in Rogers AK, July 26, 1967 (Rehm, 1980); his parents are pioneer schoolteachers (Smallie, 1980?)
- 1883 (May 22): Charles Henry Wood born in Greeley, CO; a PSC graduate who entered practice in 1908; "He also attended the National Schools as well as a school of homeopathy and the Still Osteopathic College" (Gruber, 1983)
- 1890: Richard Murrell **McLain** (1920 grad and faculty member at **LACC** in 1920; interested in and teacher of iridology beginning in 1926) is born (Jensen, 1976, p. vi)
- 1891 (Sept 21): Harold A. Houde is born in Lea Minnesota; Houde will graduate from the LACC in 1922 and subsequently serve as instructor in pathology (at SCCC in 1933-34); in 1937 "he became co-owner of the California College of Natural Healing Arts (CCNHA); in 1947 will become Chief of Staff of the Clinic at LACC (In Memoriam, 1958)

- 1892: Linnie Cale enrolls at the Indiana State Normal School, serves as treasurer of the school's YWCA in 1893-94 (Certificate #358/July 31, 1950/Rehm)
- 1892 (May 10): AT Still receives charter for the American School of Osteopathy (ASO) in Kirksville MO (Booth, 1924, p. 79)
- 1892 (Nov 27): Rangnar C. Bertheau is born in Chicago (Pioneer, 1938)
- 1893 (March): first class graduates from Still's **ASO**; among the graduates are **AP Davis** MD (homeopathic?) and AG Hildreth (Booth, 1924, p. 81)
- 1893: Albert William (AW) Richardson A.B. (future president of the California Chiropractic College; also ?founder? of CCA? according to Jackson, 1991) graduates from Lincoln Normal University, Lincoln NE
- 1895: Charles and Limie Cale marry after meeting at Indiana State Normal School in Terra Haute (Rehm, 1980, p. 286); Charles A. Cale was a graduate of the Warren IN High School and the Indiana State Normal School (LACC, 1921-22, 1922-23)
- 1896 (May): Pacific School of Osteopathy (**PSO**) was established at Anaheim CA; 20 month course from the outset (Booth, 1924, p. 87)
- 1896 (July 14): **PSO** is charterd/incorporated (Booth, 1924, p. 87)
- c1895-1900: Charles A. Cale teaches in public schools in Indiana (LACC, 1921-22, 1922-23)
- 1896 (Jan): Harvey Lillard first learns of chiropractic from DD Palmer in Davenport, Iowa (Palmer, 1897)
- 1897 (June 1): **PSO** is re-incorporated and moves to LA; Dean L **Tasker** DO is vice-president (Booth, 1924, p. 87)
- 1898 (Jan 5): first class graduates from **PSO** (Booth, 1924, p. 88)
- 1898 (Jan 23): **Delbert John Metzinger** is born in Blair, Nebraska, according to the **Chirogram** 1964 (Dec); 31(11):328 and according to the JCaCA 1964 (Dec); 21(6):24
- 1898 (Mar 18): California College of Osteopathy (CCO) of San Francisco is incorporated by AH Potter DO and JA Parker DO; CCO first operates at the Parrott Bldg, Market Street, SF, then moves to 603 Sutter St, later at 1368 Geary St (Booth,

- 1924, p. 89); **CCO** publishes the *California Osteopath* from 1898-1900 (Booth, 1924, p. 288)
- 1898 (June 28-29): first meeting of the **Associated Colleges of Osteopathy** at **ASO** in Kirksville MO includes George F Burton DO of the **PSO**; pass resolution that all schools should charge minimum tuition of \$500, but in 1899 **ASO** reduces tuition to \$300 and "Most of the other schools followed the example set by the parent school, and the tuition has remained about the same ever since (Booth, 1924, p. 275)
- 1899 (Feb 19): **Wolf Adler** born in New York City (*Chirogram* 1970 (Feb); 37(2):6)
- c1900: Charles and Linnie Cale move to southern California (Rehm, 1980, p. 286; Gruber, 1983); Charles A. Cale teaches in public schools in Indiana and California (LACC, 1921-22, 1922-23)
- 1900: Sinclair College of Chiropractic is established in Santa Rosa CA, continues until 1912 (SRI, 1960, p. 215); but Jackson (1991) disputes this school's existence
- 1900 (Feb 24): **Gordon M. Goodfellow** born in Valcartier Village, Quebec (Rehm, 1980; In Memoriam, 1975)
- 1900 (July 28): Floyd J. Cregger is born in Tipton, Missouri (Rogers, 1950)
- 1901: Thomas H. **Storey** graduates under **DD Palmer** in Davenport, Iowa (Palmer, 1910, p. 778)
- 1901 (Mar 1): Benedict Lust MD, ND founds the American School of Natuorpathy at 124 E 59th St, NYC, eventually offers chiropractic degrees as well as the ND (Boyle, in prep)
- 1901 (Mar 7): California law to license osteopaths goes into effect (Booth, 1924, p. 120); continues until 5/1/07, when a composite board (MDs & DOs) is created (Booth, 1924, p. 564)
- c1902-1908: Charles A. Cale is a "semi-invalid", suffers "a complete breakdown, and it was then that his life was miraculously saved by Chiropractic adjustments given by Dr. Storey" (LACC, 1921-22, 1922-23)
- 1902: Benedict Lust MD, ND founds the Naturopathic Society of America, which will be renamed American Naturopathic Associaton (ANA) in December, 1919 (Boyle, in prep)
- 1902: **photo** of "reunion in Dec., 1902" at the Palmer school; "**Story**, 1902 [1901?]; (Palmer, 1910, p. 886)
- 1902 (Aug 6-8): "fifth regular meeting" of the **Associated Colleges of Osteopathy** initiates college inspections and accreditation; ER **Booth** PhD, DO will become first college inspector(Booth, 1924, p. 277-8)
- 1903: Benedict **Lupica** (MA, DC; future dean of **LACC**) is born in New York City (Aesculapian, 1948)

- 1903 (June 11): Henry Grant **Higley** born in Lima, Peru (Rehm, 1980); see obit, May, 1969; son of an engineer; finished high school in Guadalajara, Mexico (This, 1951)
- 1903 (July 1): **DD Palmer** conducts clinic at Suite 15 of the Aiken Bldg in Santa Barbara CA; "discovers" that the body is "heat by nerves and not by blood" (*The Chiropractor* 1904 [Dec]; 1[1]:12-3)
- 1904 (Jan): **PSO** is re-incorporated as the Pacific College of Osteopathy (**PCO**); during 1903-4 classes are held in Pasadena (Booth, 1924, p. 87-8)



1904 (June): *Naturopath* [1904 (June); 5(6): 203] publishes Carl Schultz MD, ND's letter to the "City Committee of Los Angeles, Cal.:

At the last meeting, May 18th, 1904, I was instructed to write you, asking that a Board of Examiners, appointed by our Association, be recognized by your body; and that all persons who practice Massage, Hydropathy, Electric-Massage, etc., etc. must come before our Board of Examienrs, to prove their moral character, ability and knowledge of such profession. We have organized for the good of the City and the Public in general. We shall ask for letters of incorporation, and we also shall go before the Legislature at the next session and ask to be legalized. The W.C.T.U. and a great many other people support us. We hope that you Honorable Body will pass an ordinance requiring such persons practicing, or pretending to practice any of the aforesaid professions to pass an examination before our board of examiners. organization is composed of Physicians of all schools, scientific Masseurs and graduates of Electric Therapeutic colleges. (Signed) Dr Carl Schultz, Sec'y., Nat. Phys. D.O.M.E.

1904 (June): Gillepsie (1925) notes:

The first chiropractic school in California was started in June, 1904, at 1314 Telegraph Avenue, Oakland, and on January 24th, 1905, it was incorporated by Dr. HD. Reynard, Maude L. Reynard, Dr. W.F. Booth, Dr. E.L. Lichty and Dr. Ruby A. Lichty. Later this school was broadened to include naturopathy in its curriculum, and at this time it enlisted Dr. Carl Schultz and his wife of Los Angeles. The seven people mentioned formed a naturopathic board with Dr. Schultz as president. They then besought the legislature of 1907 to pass a bill legalizing the naturopathic board with the power to issue licenses to naturopathic doctors. This bill was lost.

1904 (Sept): **PCO** returns to LA (Booth, 1924, p. 88)

\_\_\_\_\_\_

1904 (Dec): **DD** and **BJ** publish first issue of **The Chiropractor** [1(1)]:

- -"Harry H. Reynard, D.C. of **Oakland**, Cal., writes us: 'All the Chiro's seem to be doing fine. I hear that Dr. Willis has an income of \$700 per month." (p. 2)
- -curriculum at Palmer school lengthened to 9 months for \$500; shorter courses are also available: "six months, \$400; three months, \$300; one month, \$200, ten days, \$100" (p. 5)

1904: Ralph J. Martin is born

#### c1904: BJ writes (cited in Palmer, 1910, p. 503):

I am pleased to inform the general public as well as our patrons past and present, that after a year and a half sojourn in **Southern California**, where my father went for the purpose of curing Dr. T.H. **Storey**, of Duluth, Minn., of insanity, which cure was accomplished by one Chiropractic adjustment, that we now have the pleasure of his permanent presence in the same offices in which he discovered the new adjustment cure which he pleased to call Chiropractic...

1905 (Jan 21): Articles of Incorporation are filed with the California Secretary of State for the Pacific School of Chiropractic by Harry D. Reynard of Oakland, Elza L Lichty of Oakland, William F. Booth of Oakland, Isaac W. Bridenbecker of Oakland, and Joseph H. Merall of Berkeley CA, each of whom pays \$25 into the corporation; articles are notarized by Oliver Young, Notary Public, and filed with John P. Cook, County Clerk, at Oakland; stated purpose of the corporation is:

(a) to establish and maintain a college of learning in which shall be taught the science of Chiropractic and the sciences relting thereto, the structure and functions of the vertebrae and the cure of disease through the readjustment of the vertebrae, (b) the employment of and cooperation with such competent persons as will give instruction in Chiropractic and the principles cognate thereto, (c) the graduating of students who have secured such instruction, and the issuance to such students under the corporate seal of diplomas evidencing graduation, and (d) the acquisition, holding and managing of such real and personal property as may be necessary to effectuate the object of the corporation.

1905 (May): *The Chirorpractor* (1[6]), published by **DD** at the **PSC**, prints:

-a letter from HD Reynard DC:

Oakland, Cal., May 10, 1905

Dr. DD Palmer:

Dear Old Dad: - Your letter came today in the form of *The Chirorpractor*; was very glad to hear from you. *The Chirorpractor* is all right. I am sure that **Weed** letter made some person sick. I remember hearing **Smith** say once, that he wished that those other fellows would not teach Chiro, meaning **Jones** and **Langworthy**.

When I first heard that the Governor had vetoed the Chiropractic bill in Minnesota, I felt real sorry, but since reading a copy of it, I feel satisfied that he did a noble act. I feel that there should be no medical laws, no political board of examiners.

You may put it on record that the Chiropractors of California, always make it known that you are the Father, and the only Father of Chiropractic. Our literature always reads so.

I am yours for pure Chiropractic.

HD Reynard DC (p. 4)

-a note re: naturopathy in California (p. 6):

In Southern California, the Naturopath includes under the head of Materia Medica: 'That branch of medical science which treats of

herbs, electricity, magnetism, massage, physical and mental culture.'

Webster defines Materia Medica as a general term used for all substances used as curative agents in medicine. Dunglison says of Materia Medica: 'That branch of medical science which treats of drugs and the physiological phenomena produced by them in the human economy.'

It looks to us as tho the Naturopaths had borrowed a term from the Medical School which they have no right to use, a term that does not cover the above remedies, except that of herbs. To use those suitable as an article of diet, would be all right, but under the head of Materia Medica, would be to use drugs as a medicine.

-a letter from WE Ledyard DC and reply (pp. 7, 9):

Oakland, Cal., April 28, 1905

My dear Doctor Palmer:

Please answer the following questions in The Chiropractor.

How do you adjust curvature of the spine? If by stretching, how do you stretch? Do you advise stretching by machine or by hand?"

WE LEDYARD, DC'

We adjust the vertebrae of curvatures by hand, and never by a machine. We never stretch the spine by any means whatever. Wedge-shaped vertebrae make curvatures. These must be returned gradually to their former shape. To do this, there is much to be taken into consideration.

The various curves of scoliosis, kyphosis and lordosis, are made by a great diversity of abnormally shaped vertebrae, which cannot be studied without specimens representing each kind. Add to these, those varying in consistency from as soft as chees in Osteo malacia to those as hard as ivory in specimens which have become eburnated. Then we find fractures, exostoses, ankyloses, and carious vertebrae. Each of these need special attention. Exostoses and ankyloses can be removed by continued proper adjustments, while those which have been fractured and more or less destroyed by caries, can not be returned to their normal condition.

1905: the **Pacific School of Chiro-Practic, Inc.**, located at 1314 Telegraph Avenue, Oakland, California, issues its "Announcement, Session of 1905" (Palmer Archives Call #B.J., LD, 4461, .P377, A5, 1905); included are photos of the schools' president, HD **Reynard**, and "E.L. **Lichty**, D.C., W.E. **Ledyard**, M.D., D.C., W.F. **Booth**, D.C., The first graduates of the Pacific School of Chiro-Practic and the first graduates of any school of Chiropractic to receive a legal degree. All others have been complimentary"; listed as members of "THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES" are:

-H.D. Reynard, D.C., President

-Rev. J.H. Marrall, Vice-President

-W.F. Booth, D.C., Secretary

-E.L. Lichty, D.C., Treasurer

-I.W. Bridenbecker

### -text of the Announcement notes:

Dr. Reynard is a graduate from the School of Dr. D.D. Palmer the discoverer and developer of CHIROPRACTIC, aand was the first chiropractor in Northern California.

#### **Definition of Chiro-Practic**

Chiro-Practic is from two Greek words, Ki-ro, the hand, and Practos - done; done by the hand - a hand Practitioner - one who Adjusts - repairs with the hands - hand fixing.' - Dr. D.D. Palmer.

It is the science of replacing with the hands any part of the human Anatomy that by accidents, such as falls, strains, wrenches, etc., may have become luxated (displaced) from their normal position. More especially the bones of the Spinal Column which when displaced press upon spinal nerves and thereby interfere with their function and cause a diseased condition in the part of the body that they govern.

#### ANNOUNCEMENT

#### THE PACIFIC SCHOOL OF CHIRO-PRACTIC

As the first regularly organized and incorporated College of Chiro-practic in the State of California we make our bow to the people of this glorious commonwealth, especially to the young men and women who are looking for a place in one of the professions....

#### LOCATION

Oakland, with its genial climate offers every advantage to the student. It is not only a city itself, but it has the extra advantage of being in close proximity to San Francisco, thus giving one the advantage of a large city without actually living in it. It has a fine Public Library always open to the student, and last but not by any means least is the opportunity offered for clinical demonstration by the poor of the cities around the bay who are anxious to regain their health and are not able to pay a regular Chiro-practic practitioner.

#### COURSE OF STUDY

The course of study covers a period of one year, divided into two terms of five months each. Students may matriculate at the beginning of each term.

#### FIRST TERM

Anatomy. Urinalysis. Toxicology. Physiology. Pathology. Symptomatology. Lectures on the Principles and Practices of Chiro-Practic.

#### SECOND TERM

Anatomy. Physiology. Symptomatology. Pathology. Minor Surgery. Medical and Chiropractic diagnosis compared. Chiropractic Technique, Clinical Demonstrations, Diagnosis and Practic. Hygiene and dietetics.

#### TUITION AND EXPENSES

The tuition is \$500.00 payable in advance, or half down and balance note with approved security. Books necessary for the course will cost about \$35.00, though any amount of money can be spent in reference books, charts, skeletons, etc.

Expenses for board, rent etc., can be had from \$25.00 per month up.

#### ATTENDANCE

Students are required to attend all classes unless excused by the professor in charge of the work. Sickness of self or friends will be the only excuse accepted for non-attendance....

#### THEORY AND PRACITCE OF CHIRO-PRACTIC

The theory of Chiro-Practic is that luxations of bones cause disease. This theory is absolutely proven in the practice. Every move of the Chirorpactor is made with a definite object in view, each luxation requires a different move, therefore the student is taught to locate the luxation and to scientifically remove it. The knowledge must be exact. Random work will do more harm than good.

#### **CLINICS**

Ample opportunity is given the student in the clinic and sick rooms to gain a practical knowledge of Chiropractic Technique, and to become a competent Adjuster (Operator). And no student will be given a Diploma until he is thoroughly competent to take the patient, diagnose the case, and make the adjustments necessary, no matter how high they may stand in their other studies.

### MINOR SURGERY

The senior class is drilled in the work of minor surgery. The text-book used is *Wharton's Minor Surgery and Bandaging*.

- 1905: Carl **Schultz** MD, ND founds **Naturopathic Institute of California** in LA with \$10,000 "paid in capital"; school continues until 1951 (SRI, 1960, p. 215)
- 1905: ER **Booth**, PhD, DO publishes his first edition of **The History of Osteopathy** (Booth, 1924)

- 1906: Los Angeles College of Osteopathy (LACO) is teaching broad osteopathy, inspected by Charles C. Teall, DO, then AOA inspector of schools; he noted of LACO: "certain formulas were on the board and copied by the students which will land them in jail, or at least give them trouble if used in most any state of the union for it was strict medical practice" (Gevitz, 1982, p. 69; Teall, 1906); Teal is a lesion osteopath and dogmatist (see Booth, 1924, p. 475-6)
- 1906: **DO**s able to "secure full physicians and surgeons certification if they passed the same test required of MDs" (Gevitz, 1982, p. 70); but see 5/1/07
- 1906 (Sept): **AP Davis** MD, DO, DC teaches and practices in Los Angeles until 1908, when he moves to St. Louis MO (Zarbuck, 1988b)
- 1907 (Jan): **BJ Palmer** writes on p. 47 of *The Chiropractor*. "Dr. Parker and Dr. **Story** are both graduates under D.D. **Palmer**, the only discoverer of Chiropractic. If you can prove it otherwise, \$1000 will be paid to you." (cited in Palmer, 1910, pp. 751-2)
- 1907 (Jan 6): **Maynard F Lipe** is born in Litchfield IL (Rehm, 1980)
- 1907 (May 1): Osteopathic Board of Examiners in CA is scrapped, and a composite board of MDs and DOs is formed; this law is revised in 1913 (Booth, 1924, p. 564-5)
- 1907 (Aug14-15): Charles Linning DO, DC of Oakland CA, a graduate of the **PSC** and the **California College of Osteopathy**, testifies re: the differences between chiropractic and osteopathy at the trial of Shegataro Morikubo DC in LaCrosse WI (Mawhinney, 1984; p. 34-5; Rehm, 1986)
- 1908: Bernard **Jensen** (future DC, ND nutritionist and iridologist) is born in Stockton CA (Jensen, 1976)
- 1908: Turner (1931, p. 122) suggests:
- ...there were probably less than ten chiropractors in the state. Exponents of various healing arts, including some of these chiropractors, organized the Naturopathic Association of California, and in 1909 sought legislation to effect the establishment of a licensing board. An amendment to the medical law, having approval of the state medical authorities, was passed, by which anyone showing a certificate of membership in the association might receive the seal of the medical board, and this constituted a license. Educational and professional qualifications were not investigated. Two years later, this absurd law was repealed, but in the meantime, along with many indiscriminate drugless practitioners a number of chiropractors had gained credentials. The latter eventually became at odds with the majority of chiropractors, who under agreements of organization refused to acknowledge medical authority.
- 1908 (Feb 27): **Charles Wood** earns DC from National School of Chiropractic (Beideman, in press)
- 1909 (Jan 25): Thomas H. **Storey** DC writes to DD Palmer from LA; notes letter from DD of 1/18/09, notes he was taught to adjust the entire spine by DD at the PSC in 1901 (Palmer, 1909b, p. 24)

1909 (Jan 25): W. **Riedl** DC, ND of <u>San Jose</u> CA writes to LM Gordon DC, Manager, to inquire about enrolling at the DD Palmer College in Portland, inquires also about "thon" (Palmer, 1909b, p. 23); Reidl will publish **Spinology** in 1911 at Hot Springs, Tulare County CA

1909 (Feb 12): JN Jones DC of 856 Fourth St, <u>San Diego</u> CA writes to "Dear Daddie Chiro" re: subscription to *The Chiropractor Adjustor* (Palmer, 1909b, p. 35)

1909 (Feb): **AP Davis** moves to Baker City OR (from St Louis MO?), stays until Feb 1910, takes adjustments from **DD Palmer** for cataracts during 1909; writes **Neuropathy**, was possibly affiliated with the **Peerless College of Chiropractic and Neuropathy** in Portland OR (Zarbuck, 1988b)

1909 (Feb 13): letter to **DD Palmer** from **AP Davis** MD, DO, DC, ND, OphD from Baker City OR, notes he is recovering from an eye disorder (Palmer, 1909b, p. 35)

1908 or 1909: Charles A. Cale "enrolled in Dr. Storey's Chiropractic School and paid \$500 tuition, graduating in 1909 with the degree D.C." (LACC, 1921-22); or "graduating in 1908 (LACC, 1922-23); sometime during 1901-11 Charles A. Cale meets Dr. H. Thomas Storey; Charles A. Cale studies under Dr. Storey, qualifies to join state naturopathic association (Rehm, 1980, p. 286); earns? ND?

1909 (Sept): Vol. 1, No. 6 of *The Chiropractor Adjustor* (Ed: DD Palmer) notes that:

The Osteopath College at Los Angeles, Cal., *thinks* 'Chiropractic is a mechanical manipulator, while an Osteopath is an all round physician.' A physician is one skilled in physic, a doctor of medicine. As Osteopaths do not use medicine to physic their patients, they are certainly not physic-ians... (p. 13)

-DD Palmer seems unaware of broad-scope osteopathy in LA; Old Dad Chiro republishes responses from Effie E York, Dean of the California College of Osteopathy in SF (dated 1/7/07 and 1/9/07) and from CA Whiting, Chairman of Faculty, of the Pacific College of Osteopathy of LA (dated 1/9/07) which indicate that there is little or no similarity between osteopathy and chiropractic (pp. 14-5)

1910 (Apr 19): Census of Los Angeles County, Precinct #201, Enumeration District 246, Sheet No. B, Visit #96, lists:

Charles A. Cale (39 y) & Linnie Cale (35y), son Gary L. (13 y) born in Indiana, daugher Ruth E. (6 y) born in CA, and son Earl L. Cale (2 y) born in CA

1910 (June): *The Chiropractor* [6(6)] includes: -letters from **Charles A. Cale** (pp. 40-2):

Los Angeles, Cal., May 24, 1910

Editor Chiropractor, Davenport, Iowa

Dear Sir: - A few days ago I received a circular issued by the Globe Hygienic Circle, of Los Angeles. The circular contains some valuable statments. For instance, it says: "This society endeavors to impress on the public mind: That drugs, in whatever form, serums, vaccines, etc., are not only useless, but detrimental to the system. They suppress the symptoms of the disease at the cost of the patient's vitality, at the same time mislead people as to the true origin of disease. The only restorative factor in disease is the healing power of nature ('vis medicatrix naturae), if wisely preserved and directed. Many so-called scientists are still wedded

to the superstition that drugs and serums cure, that by surgical operations the body's normal functions can be restored, that vaccines are preventive as if by magic. They are still looking for germs as the first cause of disease, because they cannot see beyond the microscope; they cannot recognize with their mental eyes that depleted vitality and disorganization of blood and tissues by wrong living are the underlying causes for all diseased conditions."

The statements in the circular up to that point are not very objectionable, but in the next paragraph occur the following sentences: "Every disease has its origin in unhygienic and perverted dietetic habits. The only permanent cure is rational living (sunlight, fresh air day and night, proper diet, adequate exercise and rest)."

I wrote to the circle, asking how they explained the results made by Chiropractors, if diseases are caused by "unhygienic and perverted dietetic habits."

The following correspondence then ensured:

DR. CHARLES A. CALE

Los Angeles, Cal., May 19, 1910

Dr. Charles A. Cale, 3737 Adair St., City.

Dear Doctor: - Your kind letter of May 17th at hand. You evidently misunderstood our circular. We are not in the curing business, neigher do we conduct a repair shop for broken down human machines. Our aim is to teach people the principles of right living, in order to prevent disease.

Chiropractic may be all right as far as it goes, but if the blood is impoverished and lacking in certain elements for its proper oxidation and purificaiton, you must supply these elements by proper selection of foods. I think by combining Chiropractic with proper diet you will be still more successful in your efforts. We do not say that all diseases are caused by perverted dietetic habits; we also say "unhygienic habits" which means, overwork, worry, sleeping in ill-ventilated rooms, lack of exercise, etc.

We should be very much pleased if you would join our ranks and help the good cause along. We enclose application blank and remain,

Most repsectfully yours, GLOBE HYGEINE CIRCLE."

Los Angeles, Cal., May 20, 1910

Mr. Otto Carque, Pres. Globe Hygienic Circle,

Dear Sir: - You have been kind enough to ask me to join the Globe Hygienic Circle. It would hardly be consistent for me to joing at present, and I will state the reason briefly. Your circular says: "The only permanent cure is rational living (sunlight, fresh air day and night, proper diet, adequate exercise and rest)." If that is "the only permanent cure," how do you account for the work which I am effecting by Chiropractic adjustments alone? I do not believe that "rational living" will ever cure a disease which is caused by nerve compression at the spinal foramina. Such diseases are readily reached by Chiropractic. Therefore, I think your circular is erroneous in its statement.

Your circular also says: "Every disease has its origin in unhygienic and perverted dietetic habits." But I believe that practically every disease has its origin in nerve compression at the spinal foramina. In proof of my statement, I can cite you to many persons made well by a few Chiropractic adjustments.

And so, if I would join the circle, I would be helping to disseminate statements which I think are not true.

If the circle will change its literature so as not to include any incorrect statements, I will joint. Will it do it? Respectfully,

DR. CHARLES A. CALE

Los Angeles, Cal., May 21, 1910

Dr. Charles A. Cale, City.

My Dear Doctor: - Your kind letter of May 20th at hand. We are very sorry that we cannot accommodate you and must forego the pleasure of having you as a member of the Globe Hygienic Circle.

We wish you the best of success in your chosen vocation, and remain, Most respectfully yours,

GLOBE HYGIENIC CIRCLE.

-letter from **George A. Newsalt** DC (pp. 43-4) -more letters from Charles A. **Cale** (pp. 44-6)

Dr. M.P.Brown, Editor Chiropractor

Dear Doctor: Enclosed please find a statment which I am using as part of a circular. It is creating a good deal of interest. Respectfully,

DR. CHARLES A. CALE

We, the undersigned students of the University of Southern California, have spent some time making an impartial investigation of the curative value of Chiropractic. We called personally upon a number of persons who have been adjusted by Dr. Cale, and the following is a brief report of some of those whom we interviewed."

We first called upon Miss S., on Grand Avenue. We found her a very enthusiastic believer in the Chiropractic system. She declares that she owes her life to Chiropractic. She also had a personal knowledge of a number of others who had been helped by the same method.

We next interviewed Mrs. N., on West 36th Place, and found her very hearty in her praises of Chiropractic.

One of the most remarkable cases investigated was that of Mrs. T., on Trenton Street. She had been almost blind for a number of weeks and was given up by one of the best eye specialists in Los Angeles. At that time she could hardly read the painted signs on the street cars. After taking Chiropractic for about six weeks she gradually began to improve and now, after four months, she ca read large type fairly well and her general health is much improved. (Note: Since the above was written Mrs. T. has so far improved that she can now read fine print quite readily. - Dr. Cale).

Another interesting case was that of Mrs. H., on Santa Barbara Avenue, who was relieved of very annoying headaches. Her husband was also greatly benefited. He had been suffering from hayfever for a number of years.

Mrs. G., on Maple Avenue, could hardly say enough in praise of Chiropractic. She had been prostrated before beginning the adjustments, but is now apparently enjoying good health.

One of the most remarkable cases was that of a two-year-old baby, on Main Street. The child had suffered from infantile parlysis for more than a year. After adjustments for three months he is running around apparently fast regaining the full use of his limbs.

Mrs. A., on Main Street, spoke very favorably altho she had only taken them for a short time -0 hardly as much as she needed.

Mr. T., on West Santa Barbara Avenue, could hardly say that he had been helped. However, he had only taken six adjustments, but was going to continue and expected to take advantage of the special yearly offer that Dr. Cale makes.

A very remarkable case was that of Mr. S., on Wall Street. For ten years his bread had been toasted for him and it had been necessary to have his oatmeal cooked for a number of hours to keep it from giving him great distress. Doctors had told him that tobacco was the cause of his indigestion. He began Chiropractic adjustments a few days ago. After two he was able to eat sausage, after three he ate canned sardines and fresh bread and his continued speedy recovery had been extraordinary. He had also had a bad case of catarrh of the nose and throat and that also seems much better. He is one of the most enthusiastic of the number whom we visited.

Another very satisfactory case was that of Mr. H., on Trinity Street. He has received great help for his rheumatism and is rapidly improving.

Of course, it was understood that the persons whom we interviewed were among those who had been most benefited, but the per cent of incurables is very small and failure is due more to the inconsistency of the patient than to any other cause.

We found that Dr. Cale adjusts persons ranging in age from a month to seventy years old, and for every disease. He uses no medicine of any kind and seems to produce remarkable results without them. His adjustments are confined to the spine exclusively. In some cases it only requires a small number of adjustments to bring about a marked change in the condition of the individual, while in others it is necessary to continue them for a number of weeks. The Chiropractic method seems to have been especially helpful to those suffering from nervous disorders. Some of those interviewed seem to regard this method as a great step in the modern sciences.

Dr. Cale is willing to give an examination free to any one. If for any reason he cannot help you he is frank to tell you so. Chiropractic is not faith cure, christian science, medicine, magnetism, electricity, osteopathy, massage, nor anything else, but just Chiropractic.

Dr. Cale is a licensed, graduate, naturopathic physician. He was himself cured of liver trouble six years ago by Chiropractic, and he at once took up the study of the system, altho he had educated himself for a school teacher and had taught school for seven years. Mrs. Cale is widely known as the president of the Woodlawn W.C.T.U. She assists him on patients who call at the residence.

The fundamental idea of the Chiropractic system is that the physical cause of disease is, with very few exceptions, due to some form of vertebral displacement, and that this cause can be removed by an adjustment of the spinal column, which may take one or more.

Signed: M.M. LONGSHORE. R.T. HENDERSON

1910 (Sept): **AP Davis** teaches at a school in Pittsburgh PA until summer 1911 (Zarbuck, 1988b)

1910: Palmer (1910, p. 75) writes:

...You will be interested in the Dr. **Story** case as it demonstrates what can be done, in a moment, by replacing a vertebra. During the doctor's mental aberrations he was treated by a very prominent healer who used Suggestive Therapeutics...Suggestion, however, did not replace the displaced 4th cervical vertebra, did not relieve the pressure on sensory nerves...

#### 1910: Carver wrote to DD Palmer (Palmer, 1910, p. 93)

How much better it would have been in the case of **Story**, if, after having adjusted the luxated bone, you had been able to have gone on and driven out of his mind all of those adverse and morbid impressions" (cited in Palmer, 1910, p. 93); DD replies: "Immediately, instantly, Dr. Story was able to do his own 'autosuggesting' after I had adjusted the displaced cervical. He was satisfied to remain in Los Angeles, the land of sunshine and flowers, avoiding the long cold winters of Wisconsin...

1910: "Suspension by the neck is orthopedical. It has been practiced many years; it is given in orthopedic books. Thomas H. **Story**, D.C., of Los Angeles, Cal., has been using that form of treatment for eight years" (Palmer, 1910, p. 187)

1910: Palmer (1910, p. 673) writes:

...I am pleased to know that other brains than mine are developing (not enveloping) this great work. So far, there is only two developments from other brains than my own; those are the bifid table from the fertile brain of Dr. T.H. **Story** of Los Angeles, Cal., and Dr. Henry's idea of placing the hands and arms along the sides of the patient's body to prevent 'bucking,' being rigid, getting their backs up, just at an unappropriate time. Thus I personally and willingly give credit where due...

1910: "The science of Chiropractic makes another step forward, one in accord with, and demonstrated by, anatomy. this advance, like all others, with the one exception of the **bifid table** which should be credited to Dan Riesland or T.H. **Story**, has been made by me." (Palmer, 1910, p. 845); Riesland was probably a pre-1906 grad of **PSC** (Palmer, 1919)

1910: Turner (1931, p. 295) writes:

The publication of Dr. **Albert Abrams'** *Spondylotherapy* in 1910 brought the condemnation of the American Medical Association This book advanced the theory that the organs of the body were governed by nerve centers in the spinal cord and could be made to dilate or contract by stimulating the nerve centers through the manipulation of the vertebrae.

Dr. Abrams was vice-president of the California State Medical Society, president of Emanuel Polyclinic, president of the San

Francisco Medical-Chirurgical Society, professor of pathology at Cooper Medical College and professor at Leland **Stanford University**. He was graduated as a doctor of medicine at University of Heidelberg before he had reached the age of twenty. He studied in Berlin, Vienna, Paris and London, and for many years was regarded as one of the foremost minds in his profession.

1910: Eilersficken founds **San Diego School of Chiropractic** (SRI, 1960, p. 215); BJ lists a "F.B.C. Eilersficken" as a pre-1906 grad of the **PSC** (Palmer, 1919)

1910: "In 1910 Dr. Cale organized the Los Angeles College of Chiropractic, which was chartered by the State of California in 1911" (LACC, 1921-22, 1922-23)

1910: TF **Ratledge** receives call from ill former patient (Hon. Harper J Cunningham, former Territorial Representative to Congress from Oklahoma and then state senator) who was visiting daughter in Long Beach CA led to visit to CA, but TF was "too late" to help.

# **CHRONOLOGY** (1911-1920)

1911 (May 20): Articles of Incorporation filed for **Ratledge**System of Chiropractic Schools in Los Angeles (Ratledge papers-SFCR Archives); established as a "profit corporation with a paid-in capital of \$300" (SRI, 1960, p. 97)

1911 (June): *Medical World* notes (Booth, 1924, p. 762):

The principles of **spondylotherapy** will form the subject of five clinics in San Francisco by that master of the subject, Dr. **Albert Abrams**, to be held on the five days following the Los Angeles session of the **American Medical Association**. All members of the association should write the Doctor at 246 Powell Street, San Francisco, California...it is realized that the valuable mechanical methods of treatment, wrongly labeled Osteopathy, originated with regular physicians in London as long ago as 1861, it is highly time for the profession to study them systematically...

1911 (July 11): George H Haynes born in Mexico (Rehm, 1980)

1911 (July 12): JH Lelande, County Clerk of Los Angeles, issues copies of Articles of Incorporation of the Ratledge System of Chiropractic Schools; signed by WC Watson, Deputy Clerk (Ratledge papers-SFCR Archives); TF Ratledge opens his fourth chiro school in LA; "Upon looking over the situation here in California, where at that time chiropractic was only available through the 'bootleg' channel and had received some very bad and recent publicity, all of which was medically inspired propaganda, I decided that where chiropractic was not, there I should be, so, I decided to open a school in California and establish chiropractic in California. That was in 1911, March. In September that year I opened the Los Angeles branch of the Ratledge System of Chiropractic **Schools** which I conducted continuously until Dr. Cleveland of Kansas City, Mo. bought me out in 1951." (1955 letter from TF Ratledge to RR Robbins; SFCR Archives)

- 1911 (Autumn): AP Davis MD, DO, DC and Benson S Bullis (formerly of Bullis Medical Institute in St Louis, and instructor in the "Bullis Method") found the Bullis & Davis School of Neuropathy, Ophthalmology and Chiropractic at 154 W 23rd St, LA; tuition for each "science" is \$100; students must pass exam to receive diploma; the Bullis & Davis School was apparently short-lived, and Bullis relocated to Oakland CA where he taught at the Oakland College of Chiropractic, which he may have purchased from HB Reynard DC, a 1903 graduate under DD Palmer at Palmer's Santa Barbara school (Zarbuck, 1988b); see also Sept 1910, 1913 and 1915; see also Palmer (1919)
- 1911 (Oct 1): The *American Drugless Healer* (1[2]: 26), published by the *American Chiropractic Association* (headquartered in Oklahoma City, **C. Sterling Cooley** DC, Vice-President) includes for the first time in its "Directory of Chiropractors": "Chas. A Cale, D.C., 1012 Pico St., Los Angeles, Calif." and "AW. Richardson, 11434 South Olive St., Los Angeles, Calif." (no degree or title given for Richardson); also included in the directory are "AA. Gregory, M.D., D.C. at 521.5 N. Broadway, Oklahoma City, Okla.", Joe Shelby Riley, D.O., D.C., at 521.5 N. Broadway, Oklahoma City, LE. Fuller, D.O., D.C. at 511-013 Meridian Life Bldg., Indianapolis, "G.H. Patchen, M.D., D.C., 147 W. 23rd St., New York, N.Y."; and "Cooley & Cooley, Enid, Okla." (p. 27)
- 1911 (Oct 18): State of California issues charter to Dr. Charles A. Cale for LACC (Smallie, 1990; charter in LACC president RB Phillips' office, 1991); first classes held at Blanchard Hall, just of Broadway (LACC, 1986); first classes held at the Cale home, later at Blanchard Hall; curriculum is 9 months long, and 7 students graduate in the first class in 1912, including Linnie A Cale, the founder's wife (Gruber, 1983); LACC "founded by CA Cale, DC. The amount of paid-in capital was \$1000. The first class, with an enrollment of 3 students, was held in the home of Dr. Cale. By 1912, when the school was moved to the old Opera House in Los Angeles, the

enrollment had reached approximately 113. In the first years Dr. Cale was the only teacher. The course of study covered a period of nine months for which the tuition was \$250\*. [\*this info based on interview of LA Cale DC\_SRI, 1960, p. 97; see also Ratledge to BJ, 6/23/16] Lack of a sufficient number of students forced the Los Angeles College of Chiropractic to close its doors temporarily in 1914. After obtaining the degree of doctor of osteopathy in 1916 [see also LACC, 1921-22], Dr. Cale reopened the college. Eclectic College of Chiropractic was merged with Los Angeles College of Chiropractic in 1917 [wrong\_ECC merged with LACC in 1924] as was Golden State College in 1925." (SRI, 1960, p. 97)

#### **PHOTOGRAPH**



Chirogram 1969 (Nov); 36(11): 312

1911: according to the *Chirogram* [1969 (Nov); 36(11): 312]: Its earliest classes were conducted at Blanchard Hall, just off

Broadway, in the heart of Los Angeles, California. As the course was lengthened and the enrollment increased, the college moved to larger quarters at 331 South Hill Street in the same city.

1911: W **Riedl**, ND, DC self-publishes **Spinology**: the key to the secrets of all science of healing at Hot Springs, Tulare County CA (LACC library archives)

1912 (Jan 1): *The American Drugless Healer* (1[9]), edited by Alva A. Gregory, M.D., D.C., president of Palmer-Gregory Chiropractic College in Oklahoma City, is published by the American Chiropractic Association (p. 3; see also Jan 1913); *Directory: Chiropractors of Merit* listings for California include "Chas. A. Cale, D.C.....Los Angeles, 1012 W. Pico St" and "Dr. A.W. Richardson.....Los Angeles, 1143S. Olive" (p. 24)

#### PHOTOGRAPH



LACC graduating class of 1912

1912 (June 6): **Linnie A. Cale** DC serves as college sec'y until 1916 (Rehm, 1980); graduation of first **LACC** class (1912 class **photo**, SFCR Archives); **Charles A. Cale** DC is President; (\*) asterisk below indicates student is also claimed as a graduate by AW **Richardson**'s **CCC** (CCC, 1917-18): 1912 graduates of **LACC** are:

- -Charles George Mitchell
- -\*George W. Driskell
- -\*Clara M. Moohr
- -Donald Donovan
- -\*Samuel B. Letson
- -Alberto E. Garcia DO?
- -Linnie A. Cale
- -Walter N Speicher

1912 (July or Aug): AW Richardson earns DC from Alva Gregory MD, DC after 20 lectures; Gregory is teaching in Los Angeles; according to Ratledge (see 9/14/15)

1912: **Federated Chiropractors of California** is "organized and incorporated" according to letterhead of minutes of meeting on 8/18/23 (Ratledge papers-SFCR Archives)

1912-13: **DD Palmer** on faculty at **Ratledge System of Chiropractic Schools** in LA

1913 (Jan): *The American Drugless Healer* (2[9]), published by **Alva A. Gregory**, M.D., D.C., president of **Palmer-Gregory Chiropractic College** in Oklahoma City, is listed as the "Official publication of the **A.C.A.** and the A.S.K." and notes that "Members of the **American Chiropractic Association** who are in good standing will from hence receive the monthly journal without further payment of dues" (p. 272); **FW Collins**, DO, DC and **Benson S. Bullis** MD, DC praise Dr. **Gregory's** new book, **Spinal Treatment, Science and Technique** (p. 278); NR Rairden, president of the **California Association of Chiropractors**, praises **Gregory's** new book, **Spinal Adjustment** (p. 279); *Chiropractic Directory* listings for California include "**Richardson & Cale**, D.C.....302 Mason Opera House, Los Angeles" (p. 286)

\_\_\_\_\_

#### PHOTOGRAPH



T.F. Ratledge, D.C., President, Ratledge System of Chiropractic Chiropractic Schools, Los Angeles from the Ratledge School's 1923 Annual Announcement

1913 (Jan 29): Articles of Incorporation are filed for the Federated Chiropractors of California (FCC); incorporators are Nelson C. Oakley DC, Edward H Chamberlain, Sidney Lee Groves, Elizabeth V Helfrich DC (author of poems in DD Palmer's 1910 Adjuster), and Harry St. Celae?, President (Ratledge papers, SFCR Archives); Nelson C Oakley will found Clewell Chiropractic College in San Diego later in 1913

1913 (Feb): The *American Drugless Healer* (2[10]: 324), published by the *American Chiropractic Association* no longer includes listings for *Charles A. Cale* and *AW Richardson* in its "Chiropractic Directory", but "*Bullis*, B.S., M.D., D.C. is listed as an ACA member located in Oakland

# 1913 (May 14): Fountain Head News (FHN) (2[19]) reports: -item on chiropractic bill in state house (p. 9): CALIFORNIA LEGISLATION

We have just learned that Senate Bill 430 of California died a natural death by a dose of anti-toxin given it in the Senate to the

tune of 38 against to 14 for. More than 2.5 aginst to 1 for. This bill was the call for a straight and separate Chiropractic board of examiners. As there are several 'Chiropractic bills' pending, we cannot say that this state is lost. They might pass favorably on some other.

More news follows as we get it.
-item on medical legislation (p. 11):

The following is a newspaper squib from the West. It agian sounds the key-note:-

With a warning to his professional brethren to avoid the temptation to tinker with the state laws regarding their own field, Dr. OD Hamlin of Oakland, (Cali) President of the State Medical Society, formally opened the forty-third annual session. 'A peculiar condition now exists. There is an antagonistic condition of unrest. Warring fanatics are trying to bring the medical profession into disrepute. Thirty bills are now before the legislature regarding the profession, and all of them, with the exception of a few proposed by the physicians, put a peg into the medical standard.

Protecting measures SHOULD NOT come from members of the medical profession, BUT FROM THE PEOPLE WHOSE SERVICES WE STAND. When we before legislature, asking for laws, we ARE SIMPLY GETTING IN OUR OWN WAY. The public must make its own police protection against quacks and charlatans.

1913 (May 24): **FHN** (2[20]:7) reports:

-letter to **BJ Palmer** re: CA associations of DCs:

I have hobbies - they are facts to me. The strength of my position relies upon the combined respect the field can place in same.

I a former "News" I state the cost of legislation in California. My informant was excellent. He was in a position to know. I felt satisfied to quote his figures. They are now questioned. I want both sides heard - facts to be known - let each reader form his conclusion. I don't want any boy to feel that I desire to misrepresent or stretch beyond what they know, hence the letter verbatim.

NB Rairden, DC, President of the California Ass'n of Chiropractors, say:-

Dr. BJ Palmer, Dear Sir:--

In the 'News' of 10th you make some remarks about the cost of Legislation in California - As President of the California Association of Chiropractors and Member of the 'Federation of Liberal Physicians, Surgeons & Healers'. I ought to have a fair idea of the cost. The California Association of Chiropractors was organized Aug 10th 1910 and has about 150 members. The other chiropractors association organized recently has a less number. The Federation has about 150 members. The entire cost as near as I can estimate is less than \$3000 for all three organizations. This expense is large enough without exaggerating.

Truly yours, NB Rairden, DC.

1913 (May 29): **TF Ratledge** makes an address "before Governor Johnson May 29, 1913, as follows: 'I don't believe and don't feel like these people (**Medical Board**) ought to be permitted to direct us, what we shall study and the way we shall study when we have principles of our own science which are absolutely and diametrically opposite those of medicine'" (according to **CB Pinckham** MD's letter to **TF Ratledge** on 8/19/15; Ratledge papers, SFCR Archives)

1913 (July 30): California Chiropractic College (CCC) is "chartered and incorporated" (?by AW Richardson?) (CCC, 1917-18)

1913 (Aug): The *American Drugless Healer* (3[4]: 324), published by the *American Chiropractic Association*:

-prints ad for A.A. Gregory's "Three Stroke Vibrator" (adjusting instrument) (p 66):

Standard Vibrator Number 1, constructed for doctors' use, where heavy and constant work is required.

t is the most durable and satisfactory machine on the market. Has three stroke handle giving straight hammer stroke, side stroke and angle motion. The stroke can be changed while machine is in use. The motor is durable and is provided with a controller of variable resistance, on pedestal. Operates on either current D.C. or A.C.

Factory Price \$75.00; Our Price \$65.00 Without pedestable portable, case, \$55.00 GREGORY OFFICE SUPPLY CO. Box 3, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma.

-notes "Consolidation" of **Palmer-Gregory** school with **St. Louis Chiropractic College** (pp 75-6):

The **Palmer-Gregory Chiropractic College**, of Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, has moved to St. Louis, Mo., and has consolidated with the latest and best institution that is or ever has been organized for the purpose of teaching progressive Chiropractic viz., the **St. Louis Chiropractic College**.

The **St. Louis Chiropractic College** was incorporated under the laws of Missouri some months ago by L. William Ray, A.M., M.D., D.C., and three associates, and among the founders of this institution are some well qualified and able teachers.

The union of the **Palmer-Gregory College** with the **St. Louis College** brings to the assistance of the excellent faculty of the **St. Louis College** the personal services of Alva Emery Gregory, D.P., M.D., D.C., who is now recognized as the greatest teacher and the greatest editor and author in the Chiropractic profession.

The St. Louis will open its doors to students and begin active class work the coming fall, and the prospects are excellent for a good attendance and the class of students catered to are above the average in education and intelligence.

The College course consists of two years of not less than nine months for each year, and the time in school will be devoted, by the teachers, to instruction in the most important, latest, best and most efficient Rational Therapy Methods, so that their alumni will be far in advance of the non-progressive Chiropractors turned out from ordinary Chiropractic schools.

St. Louis is a most favorable location for a good institution, as living expenses are light, and this school has at hand ample laboratory facilities in anatomy, chemistry (urinalysis, blood tests, stomach fluid tests) and bacteriology.

The special course of instruction which will be given in the **St. Louis Chiropractic College**, will qualify the graduates of this institution to register by examination, in states that have provided to license other doctors other than the regular M.D.s as have Illinois, Michigan, California, Washington and other states as they fall in line.

The **St. Louis Chiropractic College** course of instruction will enable their graduates to qualify by examination and to receive regular medical license in several different states, where the state law does not require graduation from an **AMA** medical college before admittance to examination.

This college will be a great honor and boost to the profession of progressive Chiropractic, and the old schools of Chiropractic shall be a thing of the past unless they widen out, when the public become wise to progressive Chiropractic.

Write L. William Ray, M.D., D.C., Sec., address New Grand Central Theatre Bldg., Cor. Grand and Lucas Ave's, for a descriptive catalog of the 1913-14 school year.

E.B. HERRINGTON, M.D., D.C., Findlay, Ohio. -additionally notes (p 79):

#### POST GRADUATE COURSE

The **St. Louis Chiropractic College** offers, in its senior years course of instruction, an unusual opportunity to the Chiorpractor and other drugless practitioners for the Post Graduate work. You want to become better qualified, to handle successfully all forms of acute and chronic disease.

You want to become qualified to go before the examining board of such states as Illinois, California, Washington and Michigan and secure a certificate for registration. The second year's course at the **St. Louis College** will qualify the present doctors of Chiropractic and other drugless practitioners to pass the examination required in these states.

This school teaches progressive Chiropractic, which is much more successful in the treatment of all forms of acute and chronic disease, especially in stubborn cases of paralysis, rheumatism, constipation, chronic asthma and other stubborn forms of chronic disease.

We would advise the readers of our Journal to correspond with L. William Ray, A.M., M.D., D.C., concerning the course of study arranged for the senior year of the **St.Louis College**.

ALVA EMERY **GREGORY**, D.P., M.D., D.C.

 -AA Gregory MD, DC notes Benedict Lust MD's Yungborn Sanitarium in Butler NJ (p 81-2)

-includes full-page add for SLCC (p 96):

#### St. Louis Chiropractic College

Incorporated and Chartered Under the Laws of the State of Missouri

IF YOU WANT TO SUCCEED as a Chiropractic Physician and be a progressive, modern, up-to-the-minute doctor and be popular with your patients and get the best results and cure the greatest number of patients in the shortest possible time you must know all the latest specific, painless spinal adjustment methods and at least four different auxiliary drugless rational methods of treatment, therefore become a student of the ST. LOUIS CHIROPRACIT COLLEGE AND RATIONAL THERAPY.

Our full two years course of graded instruction covers Anatomy, Embryology, Histology, Physiology, Pathology, Symptomatology, Diagnosis, Neurology, Nerve Palpatioin and Nerve Tracing. We teach the latest methods of spinal adjustment and concussion. Our course leads to the degree of DOCTOR OF CHIROPRACTIC AND RATIONAL THERAPY.

Our course is so thorough that our graduates can pass the most critical examinations that may be given by any State Board for drugless physicians.

OUR FACULTY is composed of such leaders in the science of Chiropractic spondylotherapy as the world famous authors, Dr. Alva Emery Gregory our vice-president, and Dr. Irvin J. Eales and other regularly graduated physicians and experienced Chiropractors.

STUDENTS may begin course at any time. Patients may arrange to be treated at the College.

NIGHT CLASSES are held so that students may earn while they learn.

PARTIAL CORRESPONDENCE COURSES may be had in special cases where gentlemen or ladies cannot attend full term.

SPECIAL POST GRADUATE COURSES FOR PHYSICIANS who desire to build up a large and paying office practice and MAKE MORE MONEY than ever before and make it easier than by old worn-out methods, for if you "Know How" you will succeed by the aid of Rational Therapy Methods.

Act Today and Write to

L. WILLIAM RAY, A.M., M.D., D.C., Pres. ALVA EMERY GREGORY, M.D., D.C., Vice-President New Grand Central Theatre Building

Cor. Grand and Lucas Avenues, St. Louis, Missouri

- 1913 (Sept 2): first semester begins at California Chiropractic College (CCC, 1917-18)
- 1913 (Oct): according to **Richardson** "in October, 1913, this College took over all the right, title and interest, along with the students, and two of the instructors of the **Los Angeles College of Chiropractic** and the two schools were consolidated and became the **CALIFORNIA CHIROPRACTIC COLLEGE**" (CCC, 1917-18)
- 1913 (Oct 20): **DD Palmer** "died at 8 a.m., Monday, October 20, 1913, at his home, 420 West Vernon Avenue, Los Angeles. The cause of death was typhoid fever of which he had been ill for twenty-eight days." (Gielow, 1981, p. 123); but Smallie (1990) says **DD Palmer** died on 10/13/13
- 1913: LACO teaches sufficient pharmacology to be approved by the composite California Medical Board; graduation entitles student to sit for unlimited Physicians & Surgeons license (Gevitz, 1982, p. 70); CA's Medical Practice Act of 1907 is replaced by new law (Booth, 1924, p. 565-6):

Two forms of certificate are issued on written examinations: physician and surgeon certificate and drugless practitioner certificate. The educational requirements necessary to qualify for the physician and surgeon certificate are a standard four-year high school course or its equivalent, and one year of work of college grade in each of the subjects of physics, chemistry, and biology, followed by a professional course of four years of not less than thirty-two weeks each (four thousand hours). Many osteopaths qualified as physicians and surgeons. For the drugless practitioner license the requirements are a standard four-year high school course or its equivalent, followed by a professional course of two terms of not less than thirty-two weeks each (two thousand hours). Other osteopaths preferred to qualify as drugless practitioners....From 1907 to 1919, osteopathic physicians and surgeons took and passed exactly the same State examination for licenses to practice as medical graduates. The medical board in 1919 arbitrarily refused to examine any more osteopaths for physician and surgeon licenses. The college [presumably **LACO**] brought suit to compel the board to continue its approval....After an exhaustive three-day investigation and trial, Judge Wellborn decided the case in favor of the college and ordered the board to continue its approval as a physician and surgeon college.

- 1913: **DD Palmer** notes (in his posthumously published *The Chiropractor*, 1914, p. 1) that "The **new law of 1913** of the state of California says, "Nor shall this act be construed so as to discriminate against....the practice of religion" in his essay "The moral and religious duty of a chiropractor" (pp. 1-12); he also notes that other states (KS, VA, WA, IL) have similar religious exclusion clauses
- 1913: CCC (of Oakland CA) is chartered in 1913, according to letterhead and "Student's Contract" with Rose Ruth Wright dated 5/25/45 (LACC Registrar's Archives)
- 1913: Bullis Chiropractic School (formerly Bullis & Davis School of Neuropathy, Ophthalmology and Chiropractic in LA; later becomes Oakland Chiropractic College) is founded in Oakland and continues until 1920 (SRI, 1960, p. 215); see also Sept 1910, Autumn, 1911 and 1915

- 1913: Nelson Oakley DC founds Clewell Chiropractic College in San Diego; name is changed in 1935 to Western University (SRI, 1961, p. 215); see also letters from Oakley to RA Ratledge (1/5/16) and to TF Ratledge (1/31/16)
- 1913: **TF Ratledge** opposed proposition #46 "**Drugless** Practice Act" (Smallie, 1990)
- 1913: TF Ratledge is head of the Federated Chiropractors of California and AW Richardson, DC, head of the CCA jointly press for bill #309 for licensure (Smallie, 1990) (Federated Chiropractors of California re-organized in 1918)
- 1914: **TF Ratledge** campaigns for election of a governor favorable to chiropractic (Smallie, 1990)
- 1914 (May 11): **TF Ratledge** writes to **BJ Palmer** (quoted in Palmer, 1915):

In California we have several schools whose standards and principles are on a par with the Therapy taught in the UCC and their ideas of coalition with the MDs and all of our friends (?). To whom we should do obeisance, and will enclose for your perusal some of the propaganda issued by the 'Los Angeles Chiropractic College' and the 'California Chiropractic College'.

After looking this over, which I am sure will be a source of both levity and tears, PLEASE RETURN to me, as it is my only copy and is worth much as a club to use upon them.

It might be proper, or not, at least, improper, to say that the gentleman who wrote this 'masterly' enclosure is one of the 'Illustrious' Dr. AA Gregory's graduates and is the kind of a man who advocates courses patterned after the Medical and Osteopathic courses and is willing to accept a license from the AMA on any terms, as is Mr. Moyer and the UCC.

Yours for Chiropractic supremacy, DR. **TFRATLEDGE**.

- 1914 (May 18): **Carl Schultz** MD, ND, "father of Naturopathy in California" receives charter for **California University of Liberal Physicians** (Schramm, 1943; Year Book, 1945)
- 1914 (Oct 30): William A. **Nelson** (future DC grad of **SFCC**) is born (Nelson, 1991)
- 1914 (Nov 6): **TF Ratledge** is arrested for practicing medicine without a license (Smallie, 1990)
- c1914-1917: Charles A. Cale "studied two years and a half in the College of Osteopathic Physicians & Surgeons" (LACC, 1921-22, 1922-23); "Lack of a sufficient number of students forced the Los Angeles College of Chiropractic to close its doors temporarily in 1914. After obtaining the degree of doctor of osteopathy in 1916, Dr. Cale reopened the college..." (SRI, 1960, p. 97)
- 1914 (Feb): Linnie A. Cale enrolls at Los Angeles College of Osteopathy (LACO) (Rehm, 1980); LACO is one of "only seven recognized D.O.-granting schools operating" (Gevitz, 1982, p. 52); LACO is considered a liberal school training "broad osteopaths" (Gevitz, 1982, p. 99); LACO agrees to merge with Pacific College of Osteopathy (Gevitz, 1982, p. 52)
- 1914 (May 18): California University of Liberal Physicians is chartered [according to letter of certification of hours dated 5/1/35 from

Charles A. Cale ND, DC, Dean for Walter Hugh Mansfield] (LACC Registrar's Archives)

- 1914 (June 4): at **CCC**: "The first graduating class which completed the work June 4, 1914, consisted of sixty graduates" (CCC, 1917-18)
- 1914 (June 15): at **CCC** "...a six weeks' summer course commencing June 15th, and closing July 24, 1914, consisted of twenty-three graduates in both Post Graduates' diplomas, the graduates in both classes consisting of Osteopaths, M.D.'s, trained nurses and Chiropractors, as well as new beginners" (CCC, 1917-18)
- 1915: California statutes amended to provide for "drugless practitioner" license under the medical board (Smallie, 1990); "By 1915 there were about 300 chiropractors in California" (Turner, 1931, p. 123)
- 1915: Turner (1931, p. 125) writes:
  - ...Impetus to **legislation** in California was given by Hon. Alfred L Bartlett of Los Angeles, a former member of the state legislature, and it was under his guidance that the **chiropractic bill of 1915** was launched and won a favorable vote in the assembly. There were but thirteen adverse votes. However, it was beaten by a narrow margin in the Senate..
- -however, Jackson (1991) says Bartlett authored AB-256 on 1/14/15 and his was first bill to pass the House of Reps, but was not the first bill introduced...first bill was in 1907 and TF Ratledge's first bill was in 1913
- 1915: AP Davis, MD, ND, DO, DC, OphD releases Neuropathy illustrated: the philosophy and practical application of drugless healing; Gaves & Hersey publish the book at Long Beach CA; Davis lists himself as president of the Davis College of Neuropathy, Los Angeles (see also Feb 1909, Sept 1910, Autumn 1911 and 1913); a biographical sketch of Davis indicates:

#### **BIOGRAPHY**

Dr. Andrew P. Davis is of Scotch-Irish extraction; born in Belfast, New York, in 1835; reared in Indiana from his fifth year; educated int he common schools and in Wabash College, Crawfordsville, Indiana; studied, first: the Botanic System of practice; the Thompsonian; the Eclectic; graduated in Rush Medical College in 1866-67; Pulte Homeopathic College in 1877; took a Post Graduate Course in New York, in Homeopathy and Ophthalmology in 1880; graduated in Orificial Surgery under Prof. E.H. Pratt; studied and graduated in Osteopathy in 1893 and 1894; in Chiropractic in 1898. Wrote three books -- "Osteopathy Illustrated," "Neurology," and lastly "Neuropathy." He has the distinction of having the first place in the first Osteopathic School -has kept abreast of the times in all advanced thought from every source. He has the endowment of an energy that knows no defeat nor stopping place, in his search for Truth, for the amelioration of suffering humanity. For this reason he has surmounted every obstacle thus far; and in the application of the sciences he has mastered, has but few equals, perhaps no superiors. Now, at an age beyond the ordinary, is active, with all of his mental faculties seemingly in as good condition as, if not better than, at any time in his life. He bears the distinction of being the head and front of physical manipulators. As a teacher of the Drugless Healing Sciences, has filled many places of distinction. As a teacher and practitioner throughout the United States, has treated creditably and satisfactorily all the afflicted with whom he has come in contact, or dealt with. His career in Los Angeles is one of extreme activity, having a large and lucrative practice, which is increasing

- as the days go by. To be acquainted with him and know him is a source of gratification. His friends may be counted by thousands. His moral character is beyond reproach; his reputation is worldwide as an Author and Practitioner. To be treated by him is indeed a satisfaction and productive of good results.
- 1915: Benedict Lust MD, ND establishes department of chiropractic at his naturopathic school in NYC; FW Collins takes correspondence course from PSC and organizes the New Jersey School of Chiropractic, later renamed the Mecca College of Chiropractic, associates with Francis W. Allen; notes also that the National School of Chiropractic discontinued its correspondence course in 1915 (Carver, unpublished, pp 190-1)
- 1915 (March): "...there was a great demand in San Francisco and Oakland for a Drugless school that was strictly up-to-date and after much deliberation the Board of Trustees decided to establish a Branch of the **CALIFORNIA CHIROPRACTIC COLLEGE** during the World's Fair in San Francisco; and in March, 1915, the first branch school was established. It was conducted until 1916." (CCC, 1917-18)
- 1915 (Mar 31): TF Ratledge convicted; on Apr 2, 1915 sentenced to 90 days in county jail by Superior Court Judge Willis of Los Angeles (Smallie, 1990)
- 1915 (June 3): at CCC "...a class of sixty eight was graduated, and on July 16th, a summer class of twenty-seven regular practitioners, 935 Haight Street, San Francisco, and another class of sixty regular practitioners of San Diego, Los Angeles and vicinity at Los Angeles" (CCC, 1917-18)

1915 (July 3): *FHN* [4(22)] includes:

-May Curfman of Missoula MT writes letter to **BJ**: (p. 2) OSTEOPATHIC CHIROPRACTOIDS

Dear Dr. Palmer,

Some time ago in one of your circular weekly letters you published a letter from Chas A Cale, Pres. of the Los Angeles College of Chiropractic in which he said he advised all his students to study 'Anatomy' at the Los Angeles College of Osteopathy, and that a dozen of them including himself was doing it. To show how well merited your wait was I'll tell you this. I had 3 friends here who were going to study Chiropractic. They had a lot of literature from the Palmer School and were headed there. One of them thought he would look up the Los Angeles proposition. He wrote to Cale and in a little while got a letter with the list of names of those of Cale's students who were 'studying anatomy,' etc. in the Los Angeles College of Ost. They wrote to them care of Cale's school and nearly every letter, except one to Cale himself was returned through the dead letter office. Catalogs though from the Los Angeles College of Osteopathy, from Shaw, the Sec. tell what a fine life work Osteopathy was, etc. began to arrive and letters were received. My friends found that the Chiropractic students of Calewere not such at all but had entered the Osteopathic School for the full course, were registered in catalogs.

My friends wrote to the Sec. of Osteopathic School and said they wanted to study Chiropractic, not Osteopathy and asked about the price of his Anatomy instruction. No answer. It would seem Cale is simply a stool pigeon for the Los Angeles College of Osteopathy. How much per student he gets for diverting people who are thinking of studying Chiropractic to the Osteopathic College it would be interesting to know. Nice way of 'working for the legal

recognition of Chiropractic' as Cale said in his letter to you he was doing, isn't it?

- 1915 (Aug 17): **TF Ratledge** writes to Charles B. **Pinckham** MD, sec'y of the Board of Medical Examiners (**BME**); letterhead indicates RSCS schools in "Topeka, Kansas, Oakland and Los Angeles"; **Ratledge** writes a "follow-up" letter requesting the requirements a school must meet to be approved by the **BME**, and notes that "one school of a drugless character" has been approved [Richardson's CCC] (Ratledge papers, SFCR Archives)
- 1915 (Aug 19): Charles B Pinckham MD (now sec'y-treasurer of the CA BME, although letterhead says WW Vanderburgh DO is Treasurer) writes to TF Ratledge in response to inquiry of 8/17/15; notes Ratledge's "address you made before Governor Johnson May 29, 1913, as follows: "I don't believe and don't feel like these people (Medical Board) ought to be permitted to direct us, what we shall study and the way we shall study when we have principles of our own science which are absolutely and diametrically opposite those of medicine"; Pinkham also indicates that in June, 1915 the BME had "approved the California Chiropractic College for one thousand hours, such approval continuing until December 1st, 1915 and being contingent upon the proper conduct of the institution. After carefully examining and personally visiting each institution professing to teach a drugless system in this state, the Board determined that the California Chiropractic College was the only one which came anywhere near meeting the requirements of an institution professing to qualify applicants for examination for a drugless certificate under the exactions of the Medical Practice Act." (Ratledge papers, SFCR Archives)
- 1915 (Sept 8): letter to **TF Ratledge** from J. Thornley DC, ST of 502-3 Bank of San Jose Bldg, **San Jose** and the Universal Hotel in Palo Alto indicates tuition is \$75 at **CCC**, and that **CCC** claims to be "recognized" and that graduates "are eligible to take the medical examination and therefore get a license"; Thornley asks for **Ratledge**'s advice (Ratledge papers, SFCR Archives)
- 1915 (Sept 9): **TF Ratledge** writes to someone with initials "WHJ" (first page of 3 missing) re: **Richardson**'s **CCC**; TF notes of **BME** that:
  - The **Richardson** school was only approved for 1000 hours, and for that only until Dec. 1st, 1915, and I have every reason to believe that it will not be continued over a longer period of time. Then, you can see that it is a scheme to get us under their thumb and then crush us out of existence. First they make a pretense to approve a Chiropractic school, although they say 'that it was far from deserving such approval' then they withdraw that approval after we have been all led up to the chopping block and politically decapitated... (Ratledge papers, SFCR Archives)
- -TF recommends the best protection against **BME** is to join the UCA, and that no entanglements with **BME** (such as **Richardson**'s **CCC**'s collaboration)
- -TF asks WHJ to say hello to Dr. **Bullis** [presumably of the **Oakland Chiropractic College**; see Autumn 1911 and 1915; see SRI, 1960, p. 215]
- 1915 (Sept 11): **TF Ratledge** writes to "DR. JB Vermillion" of San Diego re: **Nelson Oakley** DC (future president of **Clewell Chiropractic College**); Oakley has some sort of alliance with

- **Richardson** of **CCC** [may be operating a branch of the CCC]; Ratledge requests that Vermillion write to **Richardson** of **CCC** as a prospective student to determine whether attendance is required and who **Richardson**'s faculty are (Ratledge papers, SFCR Archives)
- 1915 (Sept 14): TF Ratledge writes to RE Mathis DC of Texarkanna Arkansas who is a member of the Arkansas Board of Chiropractic Examiners (BCE) re: Richardson's CCC: notes that **Richardson's** chiropractic training "consists of twenty lectures from Gregory, given here in Los Angeles in the month of July or Aug. of the Year of 1912"; refers to "Pseudos such as Gregory" [presumably referring to Alva Gregory MD, DC, formerly of the Palmer/Gregory school in Oklahoma City]; urges Mathis to have Arkansas Board reject applicants from CCC, also "there is another school to which I wish to refer which is now defunct and while it was in existance this same man [Richardson?] was its head, so their students are in the same category. The name is The LOS ANGELES COLLEGE OF CHIROPRACTIC"; Ratledge indicates that Anna Foy of Kansas **BCE** has agreed to refuse license applications from **CCC** grads [which may not be true...see 9/23/15]; see also CCC, 1917-18, wherein **Richardson** also claims to have been head of LACC in 1912-13; Ratledge indicates that his school now teaches a 2400 hour, 20 month course, but only 2 students are enrolled (Ratledge papers, SFCR Archives)
- 1915 (Sept 23): **TF Ratledge** writes to CB Pinkham MD, sec'y of CA **BME**; notes that although **CCC** had been approved by **BME**, **CCC** had no more equipment than did **Ratledge College**; notes that "they have employed First-Year Osteopathic students from a local school, and M.D.s as their "Chiropractic" instructors....a knowledge, ever so complete, of Medicine or Osteopathy does not in any degree educate in Chiropractic, but, to the contrary, educates away from Chiropractic, there being radical differences in their teachings in most every subject...." (Ratledge papers, SFCR Archives); mention of osteopathic students may refer to **Charles and Linnie** Cale
- 1915 (Sept 28): **TF Ratledge** writes to Kansas **BCE** c/o Anna **Foy** DC; notes CA **BME** has approved **CCC** "which school is headed by a man who in my opinion, is absolutely without principle....He was initiated into Chiropractic in the summer of 1912 and graduated after taking a twenty-day lecture course....having as instructors first-year Osteopathic students and some M.D.s of none too high station in their own ranks; notes that Ratledge College is "now entering upon a two-year course....or a total of two thousand four hundred hours..."; asks Kansas **BCE** to approve the Ratledge College (Ratledge papers, SFCR Archives)
- 1915 (Oct 5): Wm R Molony MD, vice-president of CA **BME** & Chairman of the College Investigating Committee writes to RA **Ratledge**, sec'y of **Ratledge Chiropractic College** re: "what the Board would expect of an approved Drugless School": anatomy 485 hours, histology 115 hours, elementary chemistry and toxicology 70 hours, physiology 200 hours, elementary bacteriology 40 hours, hygiene 45 hours, pathology 150 hours, diagnosis 370 hours, manipulative and mechanical therapy 260 hours, gynecology 100 hours, obstetrics 165 hours, many other details; letterhead indicates **BME** members include Dean L **Tasker** DO of LA and WW Vanderburgh DO of SF (Ratledge papers-SFCR)

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1915 (Oct 5): **TF Ratledge** writes to Dr HC Graham of Santa Maria CA; notes that he has received a **Richardson** letter from Graham; asks Graham to write to CA **BME** to inquire whether his **Ratledge** diploma qualifies him to sit for drugless practitioner exam; asks Graham to write to **Richardson** and get him to sign reply (Ratledge papers, SFCR Archives)

1915 (Oct 5): **TF Ratledge** writes to **Willard Carver** (Ratledge papers, SFCR Archives):

One 'AW Richardson,' who is the chief of traitors to Chiropractic and the 'ward-heeler' for the Medics here and is one of Gregory's ardent followers....many of his statements have been found to be untrue. Another statement which I also think is false is that he is a graduate in Chiropractic from the same school from which you graduated and as I cannot remember the name of said school or who had charge of it, I cannot check it up in any way other than asking your assistance....he claims seven years practice as a Chiropractor, and in 1913 he claimed the same years, which if true then should be nine years now...

He is now trying to get all the Chiropractors here to go before the Medical Board for examination under a bill which is somewhat of the same Character of the Ohio bill, and many of them are for it, and it is going to be a great injury to our contentions that they are incompetent to examine us and will make it appear that we are provided for in law. I, with a few of the tried and true are going to resist all such to the last and now anticipate enjoining the Board to prevent them giving the examination and harrass them as much as possible and all the information I can get relative to the fraud of this fellow will help to show that the Medical men have combined with the incompetent crooks in our profession to get the advantage of us and destroy chiropractic in this State.

1915 (Oct 6): **TF Ratledge** writes to **BJ Palmer** (Ratledge papers-SFCR Archives):

If you know the school from which **Carver** graduated, which no doubt you do as it was an Iowa institution, I would consider it a great favor for you to determine if possible if A.W. **Richardson** graduated from that school and if so, when.

He is claiming now that he has been a Chiropractor for seven years and he made the same statement in 1913, which if true then would make him a graduate nine years now.

He is in some kind of deal with the Medical Board now trying to get all Chiropractors to present themselves to the Board for examination and licenses, and is, no doubt, expecting to get one himself, but, if what I have been able to determine to date is true, he took up Chiropractic the first time here in 1912 under **Gregory** and is not entitled to go before the Board for examination under the 1000 hour-three year clause even, although I understand that he expects to get in under the six-year practice clause... Everyone of the Chiropractors who have had any of the 'Oswalt' tendencies have joined in an attempt to get a license from the Medical Board under the **Drugless Practice** provision of the Medical law and there are only a few of us to carry on the campaign....

- -Richardson will continue to claim seven years experience as a DC in 1917 (CCC, 1917-18, p. 3), and in 1944 (Apr) he will claim 27 years experience (Ratledge papers-SFCR Archives)
- 1915 (Oct 7): TF Ratledge writes to Anna M Foy DC, President of the Kansas BCE; notes CCCs approval by CA BME, again refers to CCC as "crooks and incompetents" and that he will claim CCC has "no educated Chiropractors at any time as instructors in their school"; asks Foy to have KS BCE write to CA BME to say that Ratledge College is only California

school they recognize; notes that 90% of DCs in CA believe **Richardson**'s and **CCC**'s claims (Ratledge papers, SFCR Archives)

1915 (Oct 7): **TF Ratledge** writes to **BJ Palmer** re: **CCC**, "crooks and incompetents", and urges BJ to "repudiate" any approval by the CA **BME** (Ratledge papers, SFCR Archives):

Well, the next thing that happened was for the Board to call **Richardson** to Sacramento for a conference and since he came back I understand that there is a rumor that your school is to be approved....

...We can at least prevent the Chiropractors, or any considerable number of them from trying to get a license from the Medical Board. Then they will all be glad to get into the **UCA** where once in good company, will follow the policies of same...

1915 (Oct 8): **TF Ratledge** writes to **Willard Carver** to ask that Carver write to the CA **BME** to indicate that "this school is the only school in California which is a CHIROPRACTIC school..."; notes that (Ratledge papers, SFCR Archives):

At their first meeting in June they got their heads togetwer with AW Richardson, a twenty-lecture graduate of Gregories, and placed their approval upon the school...which he has 'hollered' until his throat was sore....

1915 (Oct 30): **TF Ratledge** writes to **BJ Palmer** re: his court case and that he will discuss it with **Tom Morris**, UCA counsel; also re: **Richardson**'s chiropractic training; notes "have heard directly from Dr. **Parker** who says he cannot recall any such perseon as him ever having attended his school, but asks that I send him a picture of said individual to make sure, which I will do."; also notes **CME** spies (Ratledge papers, SFCR Archives):

Am informed that the Medical Board has someone in the California school who reports everything to the Board as soon as anything is sprung there, and presume that they were responsible for **Richardson**'s going to San Francisco so soon after the Secretary and Counsel for the Board were here to 'fire' the Inspector. The real facts of the case are these, Somner had gotten so close to **Richardson** and his herd of dupes that he, because of purported friendship, could not continue without embarrassing the Board...

I have some of **Richardson**'s letters and the latest indicates that he is willing to make NO promises but says that he has assurances that the Board will abrogate the matter of 'practice' which is one of the prerequisites for examination, and will give licenses to his students on the 'six year plan,' which is indeed weak, but he has to make some kind of pretenses I guess.

- 1915 (Nov 8): **TF Ratledge** writes to **BJ**: "Two hundred Chiropractors graduates of **Richardson** school who have made application to the medical Board meet here Monday night, December 14, to consider withdrawing their applications. Entire **Richardson** bunch are in very bad. Your presence in Los Angeles not later than Monday morning will be of incalculable value to Chiropractic." (Ratledge papers, SFCR Archives)
- 1915 (Dec 3): TF Ratledge writes to BJ Palmer, asks BJ to urge CA chiropractors to support TF(Smallie, 1990)
- 1915 (Dec 4): **TF Ratledge** writes to John A Cole, DC of Oakland to dissuade him from seeking **Drugless Practice** license (Smallie, 1990)

1915 (Dec 18): **FHN** (4[41]:6-7) reports "A TELEGRAPHIC CORRESPONDENCE" concerning **AW Richardson**'s falsely

CORRESPONDENCE" concerning AW Richardson's falsely claiming to be graduate of the PSC; includes correspondence/telegrams from BJ, CB Pinckham MD, and TF Ratledge (my Ratledge files)

- 1915 (Dec 30): Nelson Clewell **Oakley** DC, president of the **Clewell Chiropractic College** at 229-234 Granger Bldg, San Diego, writes to RA Ratledge DC (TF's brother); mentions prior discussion to merge the **Ratledge** and **Clewell** Colleges; notes that "I attended the **Cal. Chiropractic. College** quiz course last summer..." [see 6/15/14] (Ratledge papers-SFCR)
- 1916: according to Charles H. Wood DC, who will found the ECC and later purchase and preside over the LACC from 1924-1947 [Chirogram 1931 (Dec); 7(10):8]:

In 1916 there was an amendment made to the Medical Act which has been known as Section BB, which permitted the Medical Board to grant licenses to drugless practitioners who had completed a course of 2000 hours in a legally chartered school or college "approved by the board." There were about one hundred practitioners licensed under this provision, but in a short time the Board withdrew its approval from certain drugless schools that had been approved, and since that time there have been very few licensed under the above provision. The writer would suggest that the inquirer write Dr. Charles B. **Pinkham**, Secretary of the Medical Board, State Building, Sacramento, California, for further information.

- 1916: **TF Ratledge** writes to CA Governor Hiram W. Johnson; calls "Drugless Practice" referendum a "fraud against the people", points out organized medicine's shenanigans, asks for pardon (Smallie, 1990)
- 1916: **LACC** reopens: "After obtaining the degree of **doctor of osteopathy** in **1916**, Dr. [Chas A] Cale reopened the college..." (SRI, 1960, p. 97)
- 1916 (Jan 3): **TF Ratledge** writes to **Willard Carver**, DC: "About 25 qualified to appear before the [medical] Board. I do not think more than a half dozen were Chiropractors, or near-Chiropractors, and only four of them were passed" (Smallie, 1990)
- 1916 (Jan 5): RA **Ratledge** responds to NC **Oakley** DC's letter of 12/30/15 (Ratledge papers-SFCR):

The matter of amalgamation has had my very serious and careful thought....The thought that prompted me originally to suggest the coalition of your forces and ours was from a desire to kill out petty competition by so-called drugless therapy flying Chiropractic colors, schools in California that operate as Chiropractic institutions of learning when in fact such schools are the rankest of frauds; and I still feel that such an arrangement is possible, and would result in incalculable value both politically and educationally to Chiropractic on the Pacific Coast

1916 (Jan 31): NC **Oakley** DC of **Clewell College** in San Diego writes to TF **Ratledge** in reply to letter from TF of 1/29/16; notes he had attended **Ratledge College**; mentions his inquiry of Charles B **Pinckham** MD re: application to take exam for Drugless Practitioner license; notes also that" (Ratledge papers-SFCR):

I heard today that **Richardson** has gone to South America because of the pressure that has come upon him in his acts. This is no surprise to me for he has reached as far as his arm will extend, and he has hauled in what his hand will grasp so what more in Los Angeles or California is there for him?

- -or Richardson may have been at CCC branch school in SF (see 1915 [Mar])
- 1916 (Jan): *Herald of Health* [1916 (Jan); 21(1): 63-] publishes **Gustave W. Haas ND**'s "Naturopathic Orthopaedics"; **Haas** is editor of "Orthopaedics Department" in the magazine, and is located at 407 Pacific Electric Building, Los Angeles; "Legal Department" of the *Herald of Health* is edited by Fred H Hartwell of **Morris & Hartwell**, Lawyers, Linker Block, LaCrosse, Wisconsin; in this issue Hartwell authors "A little legal lore" (p. 69-)
- 1916 (Mar 20): Wolf Adler's parents become naturalized US citizens
- 1916 (May 5): **TF Ratledge** begins 90 day jail term in Los Angeles for unlicensed practice of medicine (Turner, 1931, p. 128)
- 1916 (June 11): J. Gordon Anderson is born in Ashton SD
- 1916 (June 23): **TF Ratledge** DC writes to **BJ Palmer** from Los Angeles County Jail (Ratledge papers-SFCR):

....the laws of California being such that it has not been at all attractive to persons who otherwise would have entered the school, and they when they DID get interested through our school enough to take it up in spite of the law they would be led, for the most part, into taking up a course in either **Richardson**'s or **Cale**'s school because of the short time or the very much less amount of **tuition** required before getting a 'Chiropractic' diploma, and the fact that I would not discontinue our school because I did not want it to be said that these other schools were representative Chiropractic schools in California....

The California 'Chiropractic' College with the support and approval of the State Medical Board is gone, Richardson, it's President and 'friend of the Medical Board' is under arrest at Sacramento, arrested BY the Medical Board on a charge of perjury and all of his followers floundering upon the rocks of disappointment and disgraceful failure; Cale's school IS and that is all, it being completely discredited while we are just the same as when we started except that the people now know where Chiropractic is represented in California. We have only six or seven students, but, they are made out of the kind of material that stands for what we demand....

-[above would seem to explain what was going on while Charles and Linnie Cale were taking coursework at LACO]

1916 (Aug): **BJ/PSC** has egg on face for plagiarizing (Booth, 1924, p. 614):

...The Chiropractor, published at Davenport, Iowa, to republish in full an article from Life, commendatory of Osteopathy, which The Chiropractor had published, using the term "chiropractic" where the original article was "Osteopathy." Its August, 1916, number not only published the article as it originally appeared in Life, but admitted its guilt and promised to do better in the future.

1916: LACO renamed College of Osteopathic Physicians & Surgeons (COP&S) (Rehm, 1980); LACO formed through merger of COP&S with the Pacific College of Osteopathy; COP&S was first DO school "to insist upon one year, then two years, and ultimately three years [in 1949] of prior college

work as an entrance requirement....first and only school to utilize a large municipal hospital for bedside and outpatient

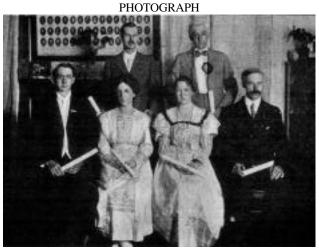
teaching" (Gevitz, 1982, p. 84, 99-100); affiliated with Los Angeles County Osteopathic Hospital (Gevitz, 1982, p. 100)

1916: LACC relocates to South Hill Street, LA (see also 1917); curriculum expands to 12 months (Gruber, 1983)

1916-18: Arthur V. Nilsson is inducted into the Swedish army. served until 1918, according to Los Angeles District CCA News Bulletin (1951 [July]; 2(2):1)

1916-24: Linnie A Cale serves as Vice-President and then President of LACC (Rehm, 1980)

1917: **LACC** moves to 331 [931?] South Hill St (LACC, 1986); see also 1916 and 1917 (May 26)



LACC Class of 1917

1917: LACC graduating class photo depicted in January, 1976 issue *Chirogram* (and LACC, 1921-22, 1922-23)

1917: Turner (1931, p. 292) writes:

The Alameda County Chiropractors' Association, organized in 1917 by Dr. James Compton, adopted a constitution by which its members were required to go to jail rather than pay a fine. The association was advised by Tom Morris, chief counsel of the Universal Chiropractors' Association, and former lieutenant governor of Wisconsin, that it was illegal to maintain a constitutional decree against paying a fine, but the officers of the Alameda association would not revise the ruling. This organization became the hotbed of agitation..." (Turner, 1931, p. 126); "The Alameda County Chiropractors' Association of California paid five dollars a month to the families of chiropractors sent to jail

1917: CCC [located in 1944 at 2338 Pacific Ave, Long Beach CA] was founded in 1917 according to a certification of hours for Frank C Johns issued on Apr 6, 1944 (LACC Registrar's Archives)

1917: Charles H. Wood founds the Eclectic College of Chiropractic (ECC)(LACC, 1986; Gruber, 1983); classes held "on South Hill Street in Los Angeles, (the former location of the old Osteopathic College) which was down the street from the Hill Street address of LACC" (Gruber, 1983)

1917: Linnie Cale DC earns DO from Los Angeles College of Osteopathic Physicians & Surgeons (Gruber, 1983); more properly known as **COP&S** (Gevitz, 1982)

1917: George Starr White MD and William Fitzgerald MD publish Zone Therapy, according to ad on last page of DeHesse's 1946 volume, Chirotherapy: a text on joint movement.

1917 (Apr): National (School) Journal of Chiropractic notes:

-exchange between A.W. Richardson DC (president of the California Chiropractic College), Carl Schultz MD, DC, LLB and B.V. Childs MD (pp. 112-3)

-"England: Manipulative Surgery for Soldiers is Endorsed by the Press" (pp. 116-7)

1917 (May 19): AW Richardson DC challenges Dr. BV Childs (MD?) to debate in Blanchard Hall "on the subject of disease, nervous anatomy and nervous physiology, and let the public decide who has the better knowledge of these subjects"; Richardson is located at 515 Washington Bldg, Los Angeles (**FHN** 1917 (AC 22)(May 19); 6[35-36]: 14)

1917 (May 26) Fountain Head News [A.C. 22; 6(37): 6]: BARGAIN DAY IN CALIFORNIA

LOS ANGELES CHIROPRACTIC COLLEGE. The curriculum includes X-ray, anatomy, physiology, diagnosis, urine analysis, histology, chemistry, bacteriology, geneology, pathology, toxicology, hygiene, minor surgery, obstetrics, medical, Spanish, chiropractic technique. Ten teachers, day and evening classes. Clinic and private treatments. Dr. CHARLES A CALE, President, 931 S. Hill Street. Classes and treatments from 8 a.m. to 10 p.m. Our regular \$300, 2,400 hour course, is now given for \$125, payable \$1 down and \$1 a week. Forty-one students now attending, the tuition price will positively be increased to \$130 May 1. The present Legislature is practically certain to legalize chiropractic. Enroll now and be ready. -- Los Angeles Examiner.'

The ad is sent us with this remark: 'The legislature slipped up on this so I presume the fee will be \$1.05 down and \$1.05 a week.'

Come when you please, stop when you like. Your credit is good. No wonder only 'Forty-one students now attending' when the possibilities could be for four hundred and forty-one

Cheap methods, cheap business. You are just what you are. You place the valuation and others follow your lead. No wonder THE PSC away over in Iowa pulls more students per year, from California, than the schools in California have themselves

1917 (Sept 8) FHN [A.C. 22; 6(51-52)]: 24:

Dr. James F. McGinnis, wife and twins, Leola and Neolo, of Maquoketa, were here until the close of the lyceum. They were accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. Josiah Walker, of Maquoketa. Dr. McGinnis was at one time in charge of clinics and spinography in the P.S.C., is a past president of the Iowa Chiropractors' Association and is at present secretary of the Eastern Iowa Chiropractors' Association and is well known to many Chiropractors of the country.

1917 (Nov 10) Fountain Head News [A.C. 23; 7(9)]:

-publishes letter from CB Pinkham MD, secretary of the California BME" (p 10):

ATTENTION: Dr. BJ Palmer, DC, PhC

9/15/17

Gentlemen: Replying to yours of September 7th, enclosing a mimeographed copy headed, 'Amalgamated College of Chiropractic, The New Jersey College of Chiropractic and the Mecca College of Chiropractic, Wilmington, Delaware, located at 574 Warren St., Newark, New Jersey,' which is dated August 27 1917, L-309" and which is signed 'Chiropractically yours, Francis W Allen, N.D., D.C., Ph.C., Dean,' we note in this mimeographed letter what allegesto be a copy of a letter signed California Chiropractic College, AW Richardson, Dean,' wherein it is stated that 'the AMA persuaded BJ Palmer and his wife to accept a round trip ticket from Davenport, Ia., to Honolulu and return and that they arrived in San Francisco three days before the trial and absolutely perjured themselves....'

This same assertion was made to the writer by AW Richardson during the session of the legislature held in Sacramento during the past winter and AW Richardson was then informed that his statement was decidedly incorrect. We explained to Richardson that the Board of Medical Examiners of the State of California paid the expenses of the witnesses from Davenport, Ia., to Sacramento and return, at the time they appeared in the case of 'The People vs. AW Richardson.'

The records show that AW **Richardson** was convicted of a misdemeanor, to-wit: violating Section 18 of Chapter 354 of the Statues of 1913 as amended by Chapter 105 Statutes of 1915 of the State of California, and paid a fine of \$500 imposed by Judge Glenn of the Superior Court of the County of Sacramento.

Very truly, Yours, **CB Pinkham**, Secy-Treas.

1917 (Nov 24) Fountain Head News [A.C. 23; 7(11)]:

- -Charles A. Cale is head of "California Chiropractors' Campaign Association," is attempting an initiative drive for a chiropractic law, BJ doesn't approve, partly because of Cale's "mixing" (p 11)
- 1917-18: CCC tuition is \$200/year; program is two years of nine months each; CCC claims to be the successor to the LACC; quotes from the CCCs Announcement:
- -(p. 9): There being no Chiropractic College neither in San Francisco nor Oakland, and at the solicitation of our graduates and many friends, we have decided to do the principal part of the teaching at San Francisco, as there are so many small schools in Los Angeles, consisting of four or five Drugless schools, Chiropractic and otherwise, as well as Osteopathic and Medical Colleges. This is an ideal spot to establish a permanent Chiropractic College, and with the reputation of the California Chiropractic Collegealready established in California as well as in other States, this should soon build up to the largest and best Chiropractic College in the world.
- -"A.W. **Richardson**, A.B., D.C., Ph.C., who was president of the Los Angeles College of Chiropractic in 1912 and 1913, is President of the College..." (p. 3) [however, Richardson is not pictured in 1912 **LACC** graduation photo; see LACC, 1919-20; can't read names in 1913 **LACC** graduation photo, but Charles A. Cale is listed as president]
- -(p. 3): The College now occupies the entire fifth floor of what is known as the Savage-Reid Building, 207 Powell Street, San Francisco, California, and is splendidly equipped with all apparatus necessary for a Drugless school. We have a fine chemical and bacteriology laboratory...

**PHOTOGRAPH** 



CCC-SF campus at 207 Powell Street

-(p. 9): ...the Medical Board of the State of California approved it as having the proper equipment, teaching capacity....since that time about sixty of the regular graduates of this College have been licensed by the State Medical Board of California as **Drugless Physicians**. We wish you to remember that this was the first and **only drugless school approved** by the Board among several in the State.

Officers of the College are:

- -AW Richardson, DC, President
- -Geo A Richardson, DC, Vice-President
- -MF **Richardson**, DC, Secretary-Treasurer

Trustees are:

- -AW Richardson DC (7 yrs experience as a DC, p. 3)
- -Josephine W Hogue DC [trained nurse, grad of CCC]
- -MF Richardson DC [graduated LACC and CCC]
- -Louise V Rupe DC [former public school teacher; June, 1915 graduate of CCC; "had full charge of the branch office at San Francisco, 1915-1916"; "was licensed" as Drugless Physician by CA Medical Board]
- -Geo A Richardson DC, [formerly public school teacher, graduate of CCC and LACC?, licensed by CA Medical Board as Drugless Physician]
- -J Francis Killeen DO, DC ["graduate of Brown's Osteopathic College, Portland, Oregon"; graduate of CCC, licensed by CA Medical Board]
- -Dr. Dan A Carroll [trainer for Oakland and SF baseball clubs]

1918: John Koer serves in Army Medical Corps (This, 1951)

1918: **Linnie A. Cale** DC, DO listed as superintendent of Clinic in 1918 **LACC** class **photo**(SFCR Archives)

1918 (July): "Constitution and By-Laws of the **Federated Chiropractors of California**, as Amended at the Sixth Annual Meeting, July, 1918"; (Ratledge papers-SFCR); **Federated Chiropractors of California** (founded 1912) re-organized (Smallie, 1990, p. 12)

PHOTOGRAPH



Linnie A. Cale, D.O., D.C., N.D. circa 1920

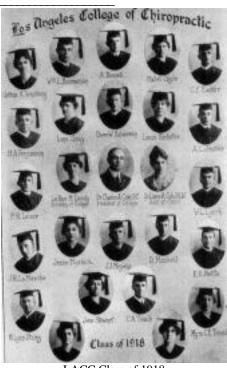
c1918: Linnie A. Cale DC graduates from osteopathic college and is licensed as osteopath (Rehm, 1980)

#### **PHOTOGRAPH**



Charles A. Cale, N.D., D.C., circa 1920

# PHOTOGRAPH



LACC Class of 1918

# 1918 (July 27) Fountain Head News [A.C. 23][7(46)]:

-extensive reprints of correspondence between BJ and Chas A.
 Cale and TF Ratledge in preparation for BJ's visit to LA; Cale makes mention of initiative effort in 1918 (pp. 2-6) [copy in my Military/Veterans folder]

# 1918 (Oct 26): **FHN**[(A.C. 24); 8(7)] notes: -BJ authors "A BAD PENNY ALWAYS RETURNS" (pp. 5-6)

The following clippings but speak what is being taught as "CHIROPRACTIC" on the Pacific Coast by A.W. Richardson, he of the fame of a trial out there a couple of years ago, when he duped CHIORPRACTORS financially, which is to say that he is always doing that mentally.

#### "CHIROPRACTIC TAPPED TOO HARD, CHARGE

"The question of whether or not the taps of a CHIROPRACTIC's mallet constitute assault was raised here today when Miss Mae Chesterly , vaudeville performer, caused the arrest of Dr. G. Richardson and Jos. Cook, of the CHIROPRACTIC college, 207 Powell St.

"Her complaint charges them with assault by violence to do great bodily harm. She declares she was urged by Cook to visit the college and receive treatment. She had been suffering from nerve trouble, she said.

"While the CHIROPRACTIC say she was given the usual treatment, which consists of tapping certain nerve centers, Miss Chesterly says she received such blows in the back that she suffered extreme pain.

"An interesting legal fight is anticipated as CHIROPRACTICs are expected to line up with Dr. Richardson in proving that the treatment would have proved beneficial if the patient had allowed him to complete it.

"Testimonials of other patients, books on CHIROPRACTIC treatment and possibly even an exhibition of treatment is expected when the charges are heard before Polic Judge Fitzpatrick. - San Francisco Daily News, 9-27-18.

-----

# "DOCTOR ACCUSED - CHIROPRACTOR CHARGED WITH ASSAULT BY ACTRESS HE TREATED WITH

#### "PLESAMETER"

#### "HUNG BY HEELS

"Miss May Chesterly, a vaudeville dancer and singer, swore to warrants before Police Judge T.I. Fitzpatrick today, charging James Cook and A.W. Richardson, a Chiropractor, of 207 Powell St., with assault.

"According to the story told by the actress in court, Cook sent her to the doctor for treatment for nervous breakdown. In his consultation room Dr. Richardson struck her on the back of the neck with an instrument which he called a "plesameter," [sic] and then asked her if she could feel the end of her fingers tingle. She said she could not and the doctor struck her another blow, which not only "caused her fingers to tingle but also caused her great pain."

"After this preliminary treatment, she was told to disrobe and the doctor and his assistant then suspended her by the neck and heels between two chairs. She remained in this position until she got discouraged, she told the court, and then went home to the Hotel Alexander and went to bed. As soon as she recovereed from the treatment, she called up an attorney and the complaint for warrants was made.

"The actress declares she lost her position as result of her injuries and asks \$5000 for physical injuries and \$500 for the loss of the job. A.W. Richardson, said to be one of the owners of the college, is made a defendant in this suit. - *San Francisco Examiner*, 9-28-1918.

### "CHIROPRACTORS OF STAGE HAND LEAD TO SUIT HIPPODROME CHORUS MAIDEN CAUSES ARREST OF TWO PRACTITIONERS

"Chiropractics by "Dr." Jimmy Cook, stage hand at the Hippodrome Theater, almost proved fatal to Mae Chesterly, twenty-three-year--old chorus girl at the Hippodrome, according to her demand for warrants for Cook and Dr. G.A. Richardson yesterday. At the same time she filed a civil suit demanding \$5500 in damages.

"Miss Chesterly sought treatment for a sore shoulder resulting from a fall, and after being treateed by a vibrator, a lecture on the general principles of Chiropractics was given her, she told the district attorney's office. This, she said, ended with a physical demonstration to show her just how much the practitioners knew of their science. This demonstration, she avers, consisted of hitting her at the base of the skull with a mallet after she was dragged by the ears across the operating table. This caused the bones behind her ears to "rattle, crack and snap," and she fainted, she says in her complaint. Since then, she says, the chords of her neck have swollen so that her head is drawn almost to her right shoulder. She says she is under the care of a physician at the Hotel Alexander and has had to give up her stage work.

"Cook has been active in sending patients to the Richardsons, the actress told the district attorney's deputies, mostly from the Will King company, where he is employed as a stage hand. Cook is studying Chiropractics, but has not recieved a license, and also lays claim to powers of hypnotism and necromancy and of being the "Delphia Sybil of the dead," she says.

"C. Randall Sparks, attorney for the young woman, said:

""There probably wouldn't have been any suit if the 'doctors' had not gone outside their case to show the patient how much they knew by hitting her with a so-called **plexometer** and a **mallet** to maker her fingers tingle."

"Bail of \$1000 was demanded of both Richardson and Cook. In the civil suit filed \$500 was asked for loss of wages and \$5000

for personal injuries. Dr. A.W. Richardson, president of the Calfironia Chiropractic College, is made a co-defendant in the civil action. According to Sparks, President Richardson advised his brother and Cook to settle the case by payment of \$125 to the girl before the suits were filed, admistting the practitioner had hit the girl too hard.

"Dr. Richardson and Cook was arrested by Policeman Michael Walsh. The two men said that the soman sustained injuries through a fall in the theater before she came to them for treatment. - *San Francisco Chronicle*, Sept. 28, 1918.

#### "WOMAN SEEKS WARRANT FOR S.F. PHYSICIAN

"Declaring that Dr. G. Richardson, who, with his brother, W. Richardson, maintains the **California Chiropractic College**, 207 Powell Street, beat her into insensibility, striking her severe blows at the base of the skull with a hammer, twister her head and pounded her body in administering his "treatment" for a slightly injured shoulder, Miss May Chesterly, pretty vaudeville actress, applied at the office fo the bond and warrant clerk in the Hall of Justice today for a warrant for Dr. Richardson's arrest.

"A second warrant for the arrest of "Jimmy" Cook, who Miss Chesterly says acted as solicitor for Dr. Richardson and persuaded her to take the "chiropractic" treatment, was also asked.

"In addition to her prosecution of Dr. Richardson and Cook on the criminal charge of assault by means of force and violence to do great bodily harm, Miss Chesterly, through her attorney, C. Randall Sparks, has prepared a civil suit against Dr. Richardson, his brother and Cook, asking damages to the amount of \$5500. The \$5000 is for the suffering she has been forced to endure as the result of the "treatment," and the \$500 for the loss of her position with the Will King burlesque company at the hippodrome Theater, where she was employed.

"Miss Chesterly, in her civil complaint, states that she had been forced to engage a regular practitioner of medicine to undo the harm resulting from the Chiropractic treatment.

"She asserts that she will be unable to resume her theatrical work for some time and claims that her suffering has been intense, her head being bent in such a way that it almost touches her right shoulder.

"Miss Chesterly, according to the complaint, has been confined to her bed at the Hotel Alexander, where she resides, and has been in a state of nervous collapse as the result of Dr. Richardson's treatment of her. - *The Bulletin*, San Francisco, Sept. 27, 1918.

"Thank goodness, whoever, wherever you find the spurious, you'll also find the real. And wherever you find the real, you'll find them fighting for the good straight stuff.

"The **P.S.C.** CHIROPRACTORS of San Francisco lost no time in making a statment, over their signatures, as follows: -

# "PRACTITIONER FLAYED BY CHIROPRACTORS

""Grossly inaccurate inferences are sure to be drawn" from the suit of Miss Mae Chesterly against Dr. George Richardson, a CHIROPRACTOR, according to a communication received by "The Examiner" and signed by several CHIROPRACTORS. Miss Chesterly accused Dr. Richardson with striking her with a mallet during the course of a CHIROPRACTIC treatment.

"The signers of the communication, Doctors Ray S. LaBarre, Marena G. LaBarre, F.J. Freenor, Simon Mueller and George A. Bradley, declare they have no knowledge of the facts involved in Miss Chesterly charges, but in defense of the CHIROPRACTIC school add: -

"No mallet or other instrument of any kind or character is ever used as a part of CHIROPRACTIC technique. Only the hands are used in giving a CHIROPRACTIC adjustment and they are not employed to strike, massage, stretch, twist or otherwise injure the patient." - San Francisco Examiner, Sept. 29, 918."

- 1919: **California Chiropractic College** publishes "1919-20, Testimonials received by the faculty of the California Chiropractic College" (SFCR Archives)
- 1919: Frank W. **Collins** MD, DO, ND, PhC publishes *Disease diagnosed by observation of the eye* (Jensen, 1976, p. iii; see also Mar 26, 1923)
- 1919: Henry **Lindlahr** MD "had a nature cure sanitarium near Chicago...He wrote *Irisdiagnosis and other diagnostic methods*, 1st Edition 1919" (Jensen, 1976, p. iv)
- 1919: Joe Shelby Riley MD, MS, PhD, FAS, DMT, DP, DO, DC, PhC publishes Science and practice of chiropractic with allied sciences, lists himself as Dean of the Washington School of Chiropractic, notes he first studied chiropractic at the Palmer-Gregory College of Chiropractic (p. 13) [volume in Palmer/West archives]
- 1919: first *Chirogram* is published by **Charles H. Wood** DC, president of the **ECC**, according to Wilma **Churchill** (Wood), AB, DC, who notes that early publication was erratic (Wood, 1945); "The *Chirogram, International Journal of Chiropractic*, was founded in the early 20's by Dr. Charles H. **Wood** as an instrument for advancing the chiropractic concept in the world of science" (Aesculapian, 1950)
- 1919: LACC graduating class photo appears in Feb, 1976 issue of *Chirogram*
- 1919 (Mar 15): Fountain Head News [A.C. 24] [8(27)]:
- -letter from Linnie A. Cale DO, DC to Mabel H. Palmer DC (p. 1):

Dear Doctor:

Just received your beautiful *Chiropractic Anatomy*. Many thanks. Hope in the next few days to learn a great deal more about Anatomy as you have arranged it in such an interest ing way. DR LINNIE A. CALE

1919 (Nov 1): **BJ** publishes *FHN* (9[7]):

- -BJ letters of 10/11/1919 etc. re: visit to California; notes Dr.
   **Hubley's** help in organizing various speaking engagements (p. 4)
- -BJ speaks of "Dr. Cale of the California Chiropractic College and Dr. Purviance, formerly of Nebraska..." (p. 4); Percy Purviance DC will found Berkeley Chiropractic College in 1922 (SRI, 1960, p. 215)
- -Charles A Cale's letter (Cale, 1919) re: efforts for state licensure is published by **FHN**, Cale notes that on 10/5/1919 at Mission Inn Hotel in Riverside CA **BJ** promised not to oppose the current initiative campaign to enact a chiro law; re: BJ and the bill Cale writes (p. 4):
  - ...His position as president of the "Fountain Head" School of Chiropractic and as secretary of the Universal Chiropractors' Association makes him the recognized leader of the chiropractic profession the world over. Any movement that has his opposition might just as well be abandoned, on account of his weighty influence.
- -Charles A. Cale notes **BJ**'s comment that "no one can work with TF Ratledge" and suggests (p. 5):

...I hope no one will ever ask me again if Dr. Ratledge and I have gotten together.

There are **five Chiropractic school presidents in California** and all of them but Dr. **Ratledge** are working harmoniously together for the Chiropractic Petition. Since four out of five agree upon the Bill, and since "**BJ**" says he will not oppose the Bill, can any reasonable person see any cause for discouragement in our fight for the adoption of our bill....

#### "BJ" Knows

If our Chiropractic Bill were a vicious one, does anyone suppose for one minute that "BJ" would not oppose it? HIS LIFE FOR TWENTY YEARS HAS BEEN ONE CONSTANT BATTLE AGAINST THINGS WHICH WOULD INJURE CHIROPRACTIC. He certainly would fight our bill if it was very detrimental to Chiropractic.

-BJ writes (p. 6):

....Ratedge is a straight, specific, pure and unadulterated Chiropractor. He's for the same as I am. He practically insults every Chiropractor he wants support of and from. He can't concede any strength or viewpoint of value in any other person's ideas OF HOW THINGS OUGHT TO BE DONE. They could be agreed on principle and then he would insult them on policy....

Another way of expressing the local conditions, between the two local men, is to say that **Ratledge** has ideals but no ability or ambition or accomplishments. Dr. Cale, on the reverse, hasn't the Chiropractic ideals vision, but he has the ability, ambition and accomplishment. Given the two I would rather have Dr Cale's contrast, for the ability to accomplish WILL come the ideals, for men can't work to the end of nothing all the time.

In the given years that each of these men have had to show what they were or could do, or even tried to do, it appears to me now that Dr. Cale has tried to do much, much of which I don't agree with, and Dr. Ratedge has argued and talked much, with all of which I agree, but he hasn't accomplished a thing but gotten practically all the chiropractors disgusted, dissatisfied and discouraged with him and his tactics.

As is see it, Dr. **Ratledge** is being regarded as a has-been, a oncerunner, a cold-potato. Having failed, they are now looking to Cale to see if he can pony up to the scratch, make a home-run. Whether he will, with his **mixing** of Chiropractic, remains to be seen. But he can't do any worse than **Ratledge**, so let's take a fling and give him the opportunity.

-BJ reports (p. 6):

Last night, at the Gamut Club, Dr. Cale had his eighth birthday anniversary celebration. The Los Angeles College of Chiropractic was just eight years old, and it was celebrated by speaking, music; a play and dancing followed.

-BJ reports (p. 7):

Dr. Cale kindly asked me several days ago if I would address them. Then was when I wired you for the **Lyeum Film**. I talked about 15 minutes on salesmanship, printer's ink, and I think put over a big message in a few minutes; this was followed with the film. It sure meets with applause....

Out of that audience of possibly 200 Chiropractors or close Chiropractic friends, I doubt if there were over three who were at this last **Lyceum**, and I doubt if there were over 25 who had ever attended any. A movement was started last night to get a special Pullman from LA, another from SF, another from Portland and one from Seattle, all to meet at Salt Lake City and make a special train out of there. Dr. Cale made a motion, seconded by all present, that "Spizz" **Parsons** be given full charge between now and then to work up this special car for next year.

-FHN reports that as of 1/1/20 the PSC "will accept no more students for less than a three-year course" (of 6 months each); "The tuition fee will be \$300 cash..."

1919 (Nov 8): FHN (Vol. 9, No. 8) reports 8th anniversary of

LACC, war between Drs. Cale and Ratledge (FHN, 1919); news item dated 1/18/1919 (p. 1):

Celebrating the eighth anniversary of the founding of the Los Angeles College of Chiropractic, approximately 300 members of that organization held a general get-together meeting and entertainment last night in the Gamut Club.

Dr. BJ Palmer, head of The Palmer School of Chiropractic in Davenport, Iowa, and son of DD Palmer, founder of the science, delivered the address of the evening.

Under the direction of Dr CC Cale, president of the local college, an interesting program of musical and theatrical numbers were given.

-reprint from *The Los Angeles Chiropractor*, of July, 1919, which is published by the LACC (p. 16):

#### PURE CHIROPRACTIC

The Los Angeles College of Chiropractic teaches specific, pure, unalloyed Chiropractic. Each student is furnished enough patients so that he gives five hundred adjustments before he is given a diploma. This insures proficiency and competency. Our graduates are taking first ranks as skilful adjusters in every community where they are located. At the same time, we also make our graduates able to diagnose and we make them proficient in the use of all natural agencies such as water, food, heat; electricity and manual and mechanical means and manipulations.

- 1919 (Dec): Benedict Lust MD, ND re-establishes the Naturopathic Society of America (originally founded in 1902) as the American Naturopathic Associaton (ANA) in December, 1919 (Boyle, in prep)
- 1919-20: "Announcement, Eighth Year" of LACC, at 931 South Hill Street, LA; photo of school and sign with motto "Chiropractic is the latest word in the cure of disease"; photos of class of 1912, 1913, 1917, 1918 and various faculty; "REQUIREMENTS: Anyone who can read ordinary text books may be admitted to our classes. Students must attend at least 80 per cent of the school days, and make a grade of 75 per cent in each subject, and give 500 clinic treatments....credit will be given for thorough work done in other institutions....tuition for the entire course is \$300" (LACC, 1919-20/SFCR); officers of the college are:
  - -Charles A. Cale DC, President
  - -Linnie A. Cale DO, DC, Vice-President
  - -LaRose M Lundy DC, Secretary faculty are:
  - -James F. Malin DC, Teacher of Electrotherapy
  - -ER Nettle DC, Teacher of Technique
  - -H. Lynn Staley DC, Teacher of Osteology
  - -Joseph J. Meyers DC, Teacher of Pathology
  - -Albin Peterson DC, Teacher of Chemistry & Physiology (future member of 1st CA BCE; see 1923)
  - -LaRose M Lundy DC, Teacher of Histology

#### PHOTOGRAPH



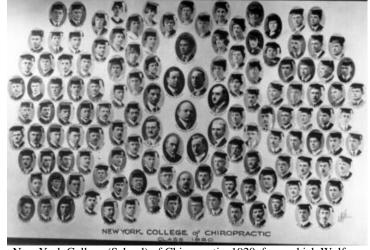
Albin Peterson, S.T., D.C.

#### PHOTOGRAPH



LaRose M. Lundy, D.C.

1920: Wolf Adler DO graduates from New York School of Chiropractic PHOTOGRAPH



New York College (School) of Chiropractic, 1920, from which Wolf Adler graduated (see NYSC/1920)

#### PHOTOGRAPH



Claude E. Sayre, B.Sc., M.A., Ph.D., D.C.

1920: LACC graduating class photo appears in March, 1976 issue of *Chirogram*, 2 blacks are among the 52 graduating DCs; administration is:

- -Charles A. Cale ND, DC, PhC, President
- -Linnie A. Cale DO, DC, Vice-President
- -LaRose M Lundy ND, DC, PhC, Sec'y faculty are:
- -GW Turner AB. DO. PhG
- -Maude E Gerry RN, DC, OptD
- -Claude E Sayre BSc, MA, PhD
- -Albin Peterson DC, PhC (future member of 1st CA BCE; see 1923)
- -ES Bickford DO
- -Richard Murrell McLain [DC, ND; apparently graduated from LACC in 1920, according to Jensen, 1976, p. vi; was LACC faculty member in 1920 according to graduation photo]
- -SR **Broadbent** DO (see also **LACC**, 1921-22 and 1919 graduation photo)

PHOTOGRAPH



Maude E. Gerry, D.C., Oph.D.

1920: ECC offers first 3600 hour curriculum (Aesculapian, 1948)

1920: **Western College of Chiropractic** is founded in San Francisco by Nusbaum, continues until 1923, name is changed to **Western College of Chiropractic and Drugless Therapy** (SRI, 1960, p. 215)

1920: Judge Landsden of the Supreme Court of Tennessee rules (Smallie, 1990):

The Court thinks that Chiropractors cannot be classed along with charlatans and fakirs. This science is well developed and recognized in many jurisdictions and many believe in its efficacy.....The requirement that they study and be examined on subjects in no way pertaining to their occupation is an arbitrary and unreasonable attempt to restrict their liberties and the liberty of the people who wish to patronize them.

1920: Ruth B. **Drown** graduates from the **LACC** (Young, 1967, p. 253)

# 1920 (Feb): *National (College) Journal of Chiropractic* (pp. 21-2) prints: CALIFORNIA

Chiropractors Take I. & R. Route

Following is from Charles A. Cale, D.C., president of the Los Angeles College of Chiropractic:

"Our petition is now completed, we having secured 55,000 bona fide names, with over 3,000 surplus. The counties the most active in the work were Los Angeles, San Franicsco, San Bernadino, Santa Barbara, San Diego and San Jose.

"Los Angeles County secured a large percentage of the names, but the bill has the support of 95 per cent of the Chiorpractors, and all the counties have been well represented, financially and *morally*.

""This bill was formed at the convention of over one hundred Chirorpactors. It is a broad bill, and not only provides for straight Chiropractors, but Sec. II of the bill says: 'Chiropractors may use all natural agencies such as light, heat, electricity, food, hydrotherapy, mechanical and manual manipulations.' So you will see that we are barred *from nothing but medicine* and surgery.

"Several other states are anxiously waiting to see what California is going to do, as all states will regulate the practice of Chiropractic in a very few years, so our victory not only means the liberation of California, but other states, which in turn will see

what can be done by conducting a thorough campaign and by uniting the Chiropractors for one big definite aim.

"I suppose you know that thirteen states have Chiropractic boards, namely, Washington, Oregon, Montana, Idaho, North Dakota, North Carolina, Florida, Connecticut, Nebraska, Kansas, Arkansas, Vermont and Minnesota.

"The bill provides for all who have honestly earned their diploma from a chartered school. We cannot, of course, recognize a correspondence course, but there is an allowance made for those who have been in actual practice and hold a residence diploma. The line is drawn where it should be, yet all the legitimate practitioners are provided for, and those who have not been in practice can take the examination. The Chiropractors do not object to studying a thorough course of 2,000 hours and some of our schools have increased the course to three years, or 3,200 hours, so that the doctors of medicine can no longer accuse us of wanting to get by 'easy.' The medical law requires only 2,000 hours for a drugless practitioner.

"Chiropractors have no objection to taking an examination before a state board, but they will never consent to be examined by the medical board, which is composed of their professional competitors. It would be just as reasonable to ask a Republican campaign speaker to go before a Democratic campaign committee to secure his credentials, or to ask a Protestant clergyman to go before a board of Catholic priests to secure his license to preach, as it is to ask a Chiropractor to go before a medical board. The medical board looks upon Chiropractors as fakes and quacks, therefore they could not give an unbiased examination. Besides, the members of the medical board have not studied Chiropractic, because it is not taught in their schools nor explained in their textbooks. How, then, could the medical board test the proficiency of the Chiropractors? It could not. But a Chiropractic board would test the Chiropractors in regard to their efficiency as competent adjusters, and thus the public would be safeguarded from incompetent practitioners.

"The medical board wants to confine its examination of Chiropractors to those who come from schools approved by the medical board, but they will not approve any of the Chiropractic schools, either in California, Iowa or in any other state.

"The Chiropractors almost secured the passage of their bill by the Legislature this year, but they were tricked out of it by the schemes of the Medical Trust. So now we appeal to the voters for a square deal.

"Drugless healers made the highest percentage of cures of cases during the influenza epidemic last winter, and they believe the people will not want to see them persecuted out of existence by the Medical Trust."

1920 (Mar 4): TF **Ratledge** writes to **BJ Palmer** re: upcoming referendum on chiropractic law (Ratledge papers-SFCR):

The passage of this bill by a vote of the people of the great State of California will add prestige to the profession all over the World, whereas the defeat of the bill by the people will be heralded by the medical trust as an argument against the legal recognition of Chiropractors everywhere. The State Supreme Court of California and the United States Supreme Court have upheld the constitutionality of the iniquitous medical law of California. Dr. Hubley has been sentenced under that law to go to jail six months. Dr. Hubley says he is willing to go to jail for six months for Chiropractic, but even if he does, that will not change the law. That vicious medical law will still be there when he gets out of jail. The Judge who sentenced Dr. Hubley admitted to Dr. Cale that the adoption of the bill by the people in November would cancel the jail sentence of Dr. Hubley....I am convinced that the weight of your influence would be worth fifty thousand votes in this

campaign...This bill does not contain the unjust exaction of a high school diploma, but if this bill fails, a high school diploma requirement will probably be included in any other bill drawn up in this State....

1920 (May): **The Federation News** (2[3]) (of the National Federation of Chiropractors) notes:

-trials of J.M **Compton** DC of Oakland & A.B. Hinkley in Martinez CA (p. 6):

The case of J.M. **Compton**, of Oakland, came up Thursday, April 7, in the police court. The jury was out just twelve minutes, took one ballot, and brought in a verdict of not guilty.

A.B. Hinkley's trial in Martinez last month resulted in a hung jury - four for conviction, eight for acquittal. It looks as if he would not be tried again.

Editor's Note: The Federated Chiropractors of California and the affiliated local and county associations are all pledged not to pay fines but to serve time in jail if convicted. The members are pledged to do this in making applications for membership. None but straight Chiropractors are acepted as members in the Federated associations.

-James Compton DC authors "A California Martyr" (p. 6):

In the Superior court of Alameda County, California, on April 22, Linden L.D. McCash, Chiropractor, of Berkeley, was found guilty of practicing medicine without a license. The fine was fixed at \$200, which he refused to pay, because 75 per cent of all fines collected in this manner goes into the pocket of the state medical board. It is manifestly inconsistent for a Chiropractor to pay good money to the medical board, to be used by them in employing "stool-pigeons" or for other equally disreputable purposes, the ultimate object being to brand the Chiropractic profession as lawevading charlatans, that they themselves may more firmly fasten their poisonous fangs upon society. The medical hierarchy, who masquerades as the custodian of the people's most sacred rights, will now have the supreme pleasure of seeing a dangerous competitor who possesses superior professional qualifications spend one hundred days in the Alameda County Jail at Oakland. Doctor McCash commenced his jail term on April 23.

Our constitution says that all citizens shall have the right of life, liberty and pursuit of happiness, but the State Medical Board says that in the case of Chiropractors all Constitutional guarantees shall be suspended, moral rights ravished and demands for self-determination denied.

1920 (May 15): **FHN**(9[35]) notes:

-18 DCs in jail in CA: Drs. McCash, Freenor, Mueller, LaBarre, Flewitt, Foster, Thatcher, Howard, Harper, Hinkley, Brown, Hubley, Leiser, Boswell, Calvert, Barlow, Neilson and Butler, according to letter from State Chiropractic Society to BJ Palmer (pp. 6-7)

-full page ad (p. 8) from BJ says:

#### 100 DAYS IN JAIL

Belongs to the No-Fine, Go-To-Jail Club LD McCash, D.C. COUNTY JAIL, OAKLAND, CAL.

1 Postal EVERY Day, 1 Letter EVERY Week

#### **BOMBARD THAT JAIL!**

--BJ

-Charles A. Cale is listed in FHIN "Chiropractors' Directory" (p. 11)

1920 (May 22): FHN (A.C. 25)(9[35]) notes:

-reprints article from the Oakland Post of April 28, 1920 re: Linden D. McCash DC of Berkeley, who is serving 100 days in jail for unlicensed practice; McCash is secretary of the Alameda County Chiropractors' Association (ACCA) and vice-president of the Federated Chiropractors of California"; McCash is quoted: (p. 10)

Not one member of the State Medical Board of Examiners is instructed in Chiropractic, yet the board is given authority to pass upon the eligibility of men in any profession. At present it is impossible for a chiropractor to obtain a license and there never has been a license issued to a chiropractor, as such.

I chose to go to jail in place of paying a fine of \$200 for the reason that 75 per cent of the fines go to the state board to prosecute other members of my profession.

It is a matter of moral freedom, whether or not a man has the right to practice his profession free from the tyranny of the State Medical Board of Examiners, none of whose members have ever studies Chiropractic.

#### -James Compton DC president of the ACCA is quoted: (p. 10)

Dr. McCash is a martyr to our cause. He has never been defeated. Defeat is only for those who will admit defeat. He knows that he is innocent of any wrong-doing and he refused to pay the fine imposed, but went to jail as a protest against the infamies which the State Medical Board undertakes to perpetrate in this state under the pretext that they are protecting the public.

 -notes efforts of PSC alumni in CA and students from CA to encourage positive vote for Chiropractic initiative on November 20, 1920 (p. 16)

1920 (May 29): **FHN** (A.C. 25)(9[37]) notes:

-letter from **Linden D. McCash** DC of Berkeley dated 5/14/20, written in Oakland County Jail, entitled "Why I am Now In Jail" (p. 5)

-full page ad (p. 16) from BJ says:

ANOTHER MEMBER OF THE

# NO-FINE, GO-TO-JAIL CLUB 50 DAYS IN JAIL

Miss Hazel E. Harper, D.C. County Jail, Oakland, Cal.

Your Postal Every Day and a Letter Every Week

Oh! You LETTER CARRIER!

Same Jail Houses L.D. McCash, D.C. **Don't Forget Them, Boys** 

--BJ

PHOTOGRAPH



"D.S. Tracy, D.C. serving time in the County Jail at Los Angeles"

1920 (June 5): **FHN**(A.C. 25)(9[38]) notes:

-letter from Joseph A. Sanford, located in San Francisco, secretary of the **State Chiropractic Society** of California indicates that "The **California Chiropractic College** of this city dismissed its classes so that all of the students might attend the trial and lend their moral support to Dr. **LaBarre**" who is on trial for unlicensed practice (p. 4)

1920 (June 26): **FHN** (A.C. 25)(9[41]) notes:

-letter from **Linden D. McCash** DC of Berkeley, written in Oakland County Jail, "Am giving 18 to 25 adjustments daily, including 4 of jailers" (p. 1); classic **photos** of **McCash** behind bars and adjusting cell mates (p. 2); another ad from **BJ** calling upon DCs to "**BOMBARD THAT JAIL**" with letters and postcards (p. 7)

1920 (July): *The Drugless Physician* (1[7]: 20), published by the **American Association of United Drugless Physicians**, headquartered at Spokane, Washington, publishes:

Prof. Augustin Levanzin, A.B., Ph.D., L.L.B., formerly lecturer on dietology at the College of Physicians and Surgeons (Boston, Mass.), has been for the last two years delivering educational lectures along drugless lines to large and intelligent audiences in Los Angeles.

Recently he delivered lectures, for a whole year, on dietology and dietotherapy at the Los Angeles College of Chiropractic, of which he is the honorary dean. At the same college he started on Wednesday, July 7, a complete course of lectures on psychology and psychotherapy, covering the whole field of normal, abnormal, new, practical and subconscious psychology and the most scientific and up-to-date methods of mental healing. The public is admitted to these lectures.

1920 (Aug 7): *FHN* (A.C. 25)(9[47]) notes: -letter from **Charles A. Cale** to **BJ Palmer**: (pp. 6-7): Dear Doctor:

Your kind letter of June 29th received. I am immensely delighted at your announcement that you will give a week's lectures in Los Angeles. I assure you that myself and all the faculty and students of the **Los Angeles College of Chiropractic** will do all in our power to make your meetings a success.

We are especially pleased that you state that you will speak in favor of the Chiropractic Bill which we are working so hard to have passed in California. Your active support of the bill was the one thing needful to harmonize all the chiropractors of the State. Since you have come out openly in favor of the bill, the opposition has faded away practically to the vanishing point.

Now that all the chiropractors are working in harmony, the campaign is moving forward with leaps and bounds. This work has been on my mind every minute for the last three years. I have put over \$1500 into this movement, and will add more right along, and so I feel personally grateful to you for your active support. It comes just at a time when we need it most to go over the top.

You have proven to us your bigness and your qualifications for being the National and International Leader in Chiropractic, by your ability to support a bill which is for the general good of all chiropractors, when you, yourself, hold mental reservations against one feature of the bill. In this world all legislation is the result of compromise and give and take. The California Bill is as near perfect as it is possible to get where so many factions had to be harmonized. The Bill was formulated in a State Convention, which was attended by more than 100 of the most active chiropractors in the State, including the leaders of every faction. Every debatable feature of the Bill was discussed at great length through three sessions of the convention, and the bill was adopted by a majority vote. The State Chiropractic Society was instructed to secure the adoption of the bill, and more than 500 members of the State Society are now working like Trojans to win, and it seems now that victory will come this time.

The persecutions of the medical trust serve merely to urge us on to greater efforts for success.

Fraternally yours, Charles A. Cale, D.C.

1920 (Sept): The Drugless Physician (1[9]:32), published by the American Association of United Drugless Physicians, headquartered at Spokane, Washington, publishes ad for:

#### LOS ANGELES COLLEGE OF CHIROPRACTIC

Dr. Charles A. Cale, D.C., N.D., President,

Los Angeles, Calif.

Regular \$300 2400-hour or 3200-hour course now given at reduced rates. All drugless methods taught, including hydrotherapy, electrotherapy, massage, dietetics, spondylotherapy and X-ray. Competent faculty. Large clinic. Day and evening classes.

1920 (July 12): **Ben Bolt** DC, notorious Palmer-straight chiropractor, begins jail term in Los Angeles (Williams, 1921; see 6/21)

#### **PHOTOGRAPH**



LACC campus, circa 1920?; sign reads: "Los Angeles Chiropractic College; Clinic and Private Treatments; CHIROPRACTIC is the LATEST WORD in the CURE of DISEASE"

# UNDATED:

GM Goodfellow DC was LACC chairman of the board of trustees for 10 years, chairman of "California Chiropractic Colleges, Inc."? (Rehm, 1980); California Chiropractic Colleges, Inc. is probably successor to CCEF

#### SCHOOLS WHICH HAVE MERGED INTO LACC

- -California Chiropractic College (Oakland)(1963) according to Smallie (1990)
- -California College of Natural Healing Arts (1946)
- -Continental College of Chiropractic (1946)

- -Eclectic College of Chiropractic (1923)
- -Golden State College of Chiropractic (1926)
- -Hollywood College of Chiropractic (1962)
- -San Francisco College of Chiropractic (circa 1947)
- -Southern California College of Chiropractic (1946), previously known as College of Chiropractic Physicians & Surgeons (Dishman, 1991)
- -Chiropractic College of America (Charles Cale, president as of 12/14/36)

# LACC History: Sourceworks/References:

Aesculapian/College Yearbook. 1948, Los Angeles College of Chiropractic

Aesculapian/College Yearbook. 1950, Los Angeles College of Chiropractic

American University. Sixth Annual Catalogue, Extension (Home Study) Course in Chiropractic. 1918, American University, Chicago (Life-West Archives)

Anderson D. My impressions after a first reading of the report, "Chiropractic in California." *Journal of the National Chiropractic Association* 1960 (Oct); 30(10):9-11, 73-5

Anderson D. Chiropractic in California - and the nation. 1961, National Chiropractic Association, 'Des Moines IA'

Bealle's 1946 Drugless Red Book. 1946, Columbia Publishing, Washington DC (Palmer/West Archives)

Beideman RP. From milestone to milestone. *ACA Journal of Chiropractic* 1975 (Jan); 12(1): 16-7

Booth ER. *History of osteopathy and twentieth-century medical practice*. Memorial Edition. Cincinnati OH: Caxton Press, 1924 Boyle W. Benedict Lust, 1972-1945; in preparation

Budden WA. An analysis of recent chiropractic history and its meaning. *Journal of the National Chiropractic Association* 1951 (June); 21(6): 9-10

Cale CA. BJ will not oppose the petition. *Fountain Head News* 1919 (November 1, A.C. 25); 9(7):4-5

- Cale LA. *Hand book of corrective manipulations*. 1934, self-published (LACC Rare Books collection)
- California Chiropractic College. *Announcement*, 1917-18. San Francisco CA
- California Chiropractic College. Testimonials received by the faculty of the California Chiropractic College, 1919-20. San Francisco CA
- California Chiropractic College. Announcement and Catalogue, 1921-1922. San Francisco CA
- Carlson DW. Congenital deformities of the spine. *Chirogram* 1963 (June); 30(5):7-24
- Carver W. *History of chiropractic*, unpublished, circa 1936 (Palmer/West Archives)
- Churchill W. California schools raise requirements. *Chirogram* 1939 (Dec); 2(2):17
- Churchill W. Editorial. Chirogram 1947 (Apr); 16(6):5
- DeHesse P. Chirotherapy: a text on joint movements. Pasadena CA: Health Research, 1946
- Dishman RW. The practical answer to chronic low backache, foot and leg pain Part II. *Journal of the National Chiropractic Association* 1950 (Dec); 20(12):158, 38-40
- Dishman RW. Correspondence with J. Keating, 4/17/91
- Dzaman F, Scheiner S, Schwartz L (Eds.): Who's Who in Chiropractic, International. Second Edition. 1980, Who's Who in Chiropractic International Publishing Co., Littleton CO
- Eclectic College of Chiropractic. Sixth Annual Announcement. 1922 (?), Los Angeles
- Edwards LW. How far we have come? A pioneer looks back through the years. *The Chiropractic Journal* (NCA) 1938 (Nov); 7(11):11-2
- Ferguson A, Wiese G. How many chiropractic schools? An analysis of institutions that offered the D.C. degree. *Chiropractic History* 1988a (July); 8(1): 26-31
- Ferguson A, Wiese G. Chiropractic schools of record, 1897-1985. Chiropractic History 1988b (July); 8(1): 32-6
- Fountain Head News 1919 (Nov 8, AC 25); 9(8):1-3
- Garrison JB. Editorial. Chirogram 1939 (Aug); 1(4):4
- Gevitz N. *The D.O.'s: osteopathic medicine in America*. 1982, Johns Hopkins University Press, Baltimore
- Gevitz N. "A coarse sieve": basic science boards and medical licensure in the United States. *Journal of the History of Medicine & Allied Sciences* 1988; 43: 36-63
- Gibbons RW. Forgotten parameters of general practice: the chiropractic obstetrician. *Chiropractic History* 1982; 2:26-33
- Gibbons RW. Chiropractors as interns, residents and staff: the hospital experience. *Chiropractic History* 1983; 3:50-
- Gibbons RW. Chiropractic's Abraham Flexner: the lonely journey of John J. Nugent, 1935-1963. *Chiropractic History* 1985; 5:44-51
- Gielow V. Old Dad Chiro: a biography of D.D. Palmer, founder of chiropractic. 1981, Bawden Bros., Davenport IA
- Gillespie G. Historical aspects of drugless therapy. Address before the National Convention of the American Naturopathic Association in Los Angeles, California, November 21, 1924. Reported in *Naturopath* 1925; 30:557-62
- Gillett CF. A manual of the eye, ear, nose and throat. San Francisco: Kohnke Printing, 1928 (WSCC Library)
- Gruber B. LACC hall of honor. LACC News & Alumni Report 1983 (Fall); 6(3):6-7
- Gruber B. Anatomist, scholar and gentleman: Arthur V. Nilsson a legend in his own time. *Chiropractic History* 1984; 4:24-38
- Haynes GH. Los Angeles College stages homecoming. *Journal of the National Chiropractic Association* 1960 (Dec); 30(12):28
- Hedges AR. Introducing our new Editor. *Journal of the American Naturopathic Association* 1950 (Nov); 3(11):12
- Hicks C, Keating JC. An author index to the Journal of the National Chiropractic Association, 1933-1963. 1988, Northwestern College of Chiropractic, Bloomington MN

- Higley HG. Proposal for the establishment of research in chiropractic colleges. Presentation to the NCA Council of Education, 1953, Los Angeles
- Homewood AE. 64 years of progress. *Chirogram* 1975 (Aug); 42(8): 19
- Homola S. *Bonesetting, chiropractic and cultism.* 1963, Critique Books, Panama City FL
- Howe RC. Legislative bills. *Scientific Chiropractor* 1937 (Mar); 2(19): 5-9, 11, 15
- Hurley J, Sanders HE. Aquarian age healing for you. 1932, Haynes Corporation, Los Angeles
- In memoriam: Harold A Houde. Chirogram 1958 (Feb); 25(2): 24
- In memoriam: Gordon M. Goodfellow. *Chirogram* 1975 (June); 42(6): 14-7
- In memoriam: Carroll Lee Hightower, DC. California Chiropractic Association Journal 1992 (June); 17(6): 34
- Irish FD. Chiropractic in prison. *The Chiropractor & Clinical Journal* 1921 (June); 17(6):15, 51-3
- Jackson RB. Correspondence with J. Keating, 12/13/91
- Jackson RB. Retrospective history of California's healing arts: 1848-1970. Chiropractic Technique 1997 (Nov); 9(4): 171-8
- Janse JJ. College contact: The future is ours! *National Chiroparctic Journal* 1947 (July); 17(7): 22-3
- Jensen B. *The science and practice of iridology*. 1952, Bernard Jensen, Escondido CA
- Jensen B. Doctor-patient handbook. 1976, Bernard Jensen Enterprises, Escondido CA
- Johnson AC. Chiropractic physiological therapeutics. Fifth Edition. Palm Springs CA: the author, 1977
- Keating JC. Introducing the neurocalometer: a view from the Fountain Head. *Journal of the Canadian Chiropractic Association* 1991 (Sept); 35(3):165-78
- Keating JC, Brown RA, Smallie P. T.F. Ratledge, the missionary of straight chiropractic in California. *Chiropractic History* (1991):in press
- Keating JC, Brantingham JW, Donahue JH, Brown RA, Toomey WJ. A brief history of manipulative footcare in America, 1896-1960. *Chiropractic Technique* 1992 (Aug); 4(3): 90-103
- Keating JC. At the crossroads: the National Chiropractic Association celebrates chiropractic's fortieth anniversary. *Chiropractic Technique* 1993 (Nov); 5(4): 152-67
- Keating JC, Rehm WS. The origins and early history of the National Chiropractic Association. *Journal of the Canadian Chiropractic Association* 1993 (Mar); 37(1): 27-51
- Keating JC, Dishman RW, Oliva M, Phillips RB. Roots of the LACC: the Southern California College of Chiropractic. *Journal of Chiropractic Humanities* 1993; 3: 21-41
- Keating JC, Jackson RB, Oliva M, Phillips RB. Origins of the Los Angeles College of Chiropractic, 1901-1922. Journal of Manipulative & Physiological Therapeutics 1994 (Feb); 17(2): 93-106
- LACC, subsidiary of California Chiropractic Colleges. *The Chirogram* 1971 (Jan); 38(1):1
- LACC's red-letter dates. LACC News & Alumni Report, Diamond Jubilee Issue 1986; 9(3):21-5
- Los Angeles College of Chiropractic. 1919-1920, Announcement, Ninth Year. Los Angeles
- Los Angeles College of Chiropractic. 1921-1922, Announcement, Tenth Year. Los Angeles
- Los Angeles College of Chiropractic. 1922-1923, Announcement, Eleventh Year. Los Angeles
- Lovell PM. The health of the child by natural methods. Fourth Edition. Los Angeles: Times-Mirror Press, 1927
- Lupica B. A new era of changing values. *National Chiropractic Journal* (NCA) 1946 (Dec); 16(12):18, 62

- Lupica B. Educational aspects of Senate Bill #972. Journal of the California Chiropractic Association 1948 (Mar); 4(9):5,20
- Lupica B. A student promotional plan for the future. *National Chiropractic Journal* (NCA) 1948 (July); 18(7):28-9
- Lyceum program. Chirogram 1939a (July); 1(3):16-7
- Lyceum program. Chirogram 1939b (Aug); 1(4):24-7
- Martin RJ. Editorial. Chirogram 1949 (July); 18(7):7
- Martin RJ. Modern chiropractic education. *Journal of the National Chiropractic Association* 1954 (July); 24(7):24-5
- Martin RJ. Specialized diathermy technic. *Official Bulletin of the National Council on Chiropractic Physiotherapy* 1956 (Apr); 3(1): 20, 21, 23
- Martin RJ. Field program in clinical research in ultrasonics. *Official Bulletin of the National Council on Chiropractic Physiotherapy* 1957 (Jan); 3(4): 16, 20, 21
- Martin RJ. The practice of correction of abnormal function. "Neurovascular Dynamics" (NVD). First Edition. 1977, self-published, Sierra Madre CA
- Martin RJ. The LACC story: fifty years of chiropractic. Presentation prepared for the LACC Alumni meeting, October, 1986 (unpublished)
- Mawhiney RB. Chiropractic in Wisconsin, 1900-1950. 1984, Wisconsin Chiropractic Association, Madison WI
- Nelson WA. Scientific symposium: the National-Affiliated goes to town! *The Chiropractic Journal* (NCA) 1938 (Nov); 7(11): 17, 55
- Nilsson AV. Our alumni and patrons. *Chirogram* 1962 (Apr); 29(3): 22, 30
- Nilsson AV. Our alumni and patrons. *Chirogram* 1962 (July/Aug); 29(6): 30
- Nilsson AV. Our alumni and patrons. *Chirogram* 1964 (Sept/Oct); 31(9): 285-6
- Nilsson AV. Progression. Chirogram 1975 (Oct); 42(10): 21-2
- Nugent JJ. California school merger completed. *Journal of the National Chiropractic Association* 1947 (May); 17(5):11, 63
- Palmer BJ. With malace aforethought or, the story of a crime or, why man pits himself against man. 1915, Palmer School of Chiropractic, Davenport, Iowa (Palmer Archives)
- Palmer BJ. Does Willard Carver tell the truth? *Fountain Head News*, Saturday, November 22, A.C. 25 [1919]; 9(10):1-2
- Palmer BJ. An injustice to one is a menace to all. *Fountain Head News* 1931 (Feb) [A.C. 35]; 18(3):12
- Palmer DD. *The Chiropractic* 1897 (Jan); Number 17 (Palmer College Archives)
- Palmer DD. Who discovered that the body is heated by nerves during health and disease. *The Chiropractor: a Monthly Journal Devoted to the Interests of Chiropractic* 1904b (Dec); 1(1):12
- Palmer DD (Ed): *The Chiropractor Adjuster* 1909a (Jan); Vol. 1, No. 2
- Palmer DD (Ed): *The Chiropractor Adjuster* 1909b (Mar); Vol. 1, No. 3
- Palmer DD (Ed): *The Chiropractor Adjuster* 1909c (Sept); Vol. 1, No. 6
- Palmer DD (Ed): *The Chiropractor Adjuster* 1909d (Dec); Vol. 1, No. 7
- Palmer DD (Ed): *The Chiropractor Adjuster* 1910a (Feb); Vol. 1, No. 8
- Palmer DD. The chiropractor's adjuster: the science, art and philosophy of chiropractic. 1910b, Portland Printing House, Portland OR
- Pioneer passes away. *National Chiropractic Journal* 1938 (Dec); 7(12): 47
- Pyott WH. Eating for chemical balance. Salt Lake City: the author, 1928
- Ratledge TF. Concerning the amendment. *Chirogram* 1939 (Sept); 1(5):19-20

- Ratledge TF. Correspondence with California chiropractors, November 24, 1922 (SFCR Archives)
- Reed LS. The healing cults: a study of sectarian medical practice: its extent, causes, and control. Chicago: University of Chicago Press, March, 1932
- 1932 (Mar): some 18,500 DCs, 7,650 DOs and 10,000 Christian Science and "New Thought" healers are estimated to practice in the USA (Reed, 1932, p. 106)
- Rehm WS. Who was who in chiropractic: a necrology. In Dzaman F, Scheiner S, Schwartz L (Eds.): *Who's Who in Chiropractic, International.* Second Edition. 1980, Who's Who in Chiropractic International Publishing Co., Littleton CO
- Report of the dean of the Graduate School to the Board of Regents, 1 April 1950 (Minutes of the Board of Regents of the California Chiropractic Educational Foundation; Office of the President of the Los Angeles College of Chiropracic)
- Rogers LM. The NCA marches on! National convention proves greatest in history. *The Chiropractic Journal* (NCA) 1935b (Sept); 4(9): 9-18
- Rogers LM. Editorial. *Journal of the National Chiropractic* Association 1950 (Aug); 20 (8): 6
- Sare RL. The role of audio-visual education in chiropractic. *Journal* of the National Chiropractic Association 1950 (Dec); 20(12):28
- Savage LJ. Modern concepts of arthritis. *Official Bulletin of the National Council on Chiropractic Physiotherapy of the NCA* 1958 (Apr); 5(1):3, 7-12, 14-8, 20-2
- Schierholz AM. The Foundation for Chiropractic Education & Research: a history. 1986 (Jan), The Foundation, Arlington VA (unpublished?)
- Schools of chiropractic and of naturopathy in the United States. Journal of the American Medical Association 1928 (May 26); 90(21): 1733-8
- Schramm A. Emerson University. *Naturopath and Herald of Health* 1943; October:123
- Shaw MK. Chiropractors have mass meeting. *Scientific Chiropractor* 1937 (Feb); 2(18):12
- Smallie P. *Encyclopedia chiropractica*. 1990, World-Wide Books, Stockton CA
- Smallie P. Telephone interview with J. Keating, October 4, 1991
- Stanford Research Institute. *Chiropractic in California*. 1960, Haynes Foundation, Los Angeles
- Stump RF. The chiropractic crusade for recognition in California. Journal of the California Chiropractic Association 1947; December: 9, 10, 26
- Teall CC. Report of the inspector of schools. *JAOA* 6 (October 1906) supplement:18-25 (cited in Gevitz, 1982)
- This month's cover: George H. Haynes, D.C., Acting Dean, L.A.C.C. *Chirogram* 1951 (May); 10(5): 28
- This month's cover: Henry G. Higley, B.S, D.C., M.C.S. *Chirogram* 1951 (Sept); 20(9): 28
- This month's cover: John Koer, D.C. Chirogram 1951 (Oct); 20(10): 28
- Timmins RH. FCER its history and work. ACA Journal of Chiropractic 1976 (Apr); 13(4): 19-20
- Turner C. The rise of chiropractic. 1931, Powell Publishing Company, Los Angeles
- Watkins CO. Editorial. Montana Chirolite, January 20, 1932, p. 3
- Watkins CO. Guest editorial. *National Chiropractic Journal* 1939 (Sept); 8(9): 6, 53
- White GS. *The natural way, or, my work.* 1924, (self-published), Los Angeles
- White GS. Cosmo-electro culture. Los Angeles: the author, 1940
- Williams RK. Meanderings: Ben Bolt goes to England. *The Chiropractor & Clinical Journal* 1921 (June); 17(6): 17, 42

- Wood CH. The diagnostic neurometer, now called the vibrometer. *Chirogram* 1925; March: 2
- Wood CH. Revival of the Chirogram. Chirogram 1928; July:2
- Wood CH. Shall we amalgamate? Chirogram 1928; Oct:2
- Wood WC. Editorial. Chirogram 1945 (Apr); 12(6):5
- Year Book of the International Society of Naturopathic Physicians, 1946
- Year Book of the International Society of Naturopathic Physicians and of Emerson University Research council, 1945 (Library of the National College of Naturopathic Medicine, Portland OR)
- Young JH. The medical messiahs: a social history of health quackery in twentieth-century America. Princeton NJ: Princeton University Press, 1967
- Zarbuck MV. Historical naprapathy. *IPSCA Journal of Chiropractic* 1987 (Jan); 8(1):6-8
- Zarbuck MV. Chiropractic parallax. Part 1. *IPSCA Journal of Chiropractic* 1988a (Jan); 9(1):4-10
- Zarbuck MV. Chiropractic parallax. Part 2. IPSCA Journal of Chiropractic 1988b (Apr); 9(2):4, 5, 14-6
- Zarbuck MV. Chiropractic parallax. Part 3. IPSCA Journal of Chiropractic 1988c (Jul); 9(3):4-6, 17-9
- Zarbuck MV. Chiropractic parallax. Part 2. IPSCA Journal of Chiropractic 1988d (Oct); 9(4):4-6, 17
- Zarbuck MV. Chiropractic parallax. Part 6. IPSCA Journal of Chiropractic 1989 (Oct); 10(4):7,8, 19
- Zarbuck MV, Hayes MB. Following D.D. Palmer to the west coast: the Pasadena connection, 1902. *Chiropractic History* 1990 (Dec); 10(2):17-22

# **POTENTIAL ALUMNI SOURCES**

- Fred Alberts, DC (1948, SFCC); 392 Fourth Avenue, San Francisco CA 94118 (415-221-4100)
- J. Gordon Anderson, DC (1946, LACC); 18605 Sunburst St, Northridge CA 91324 (818-349-5418)
- David Aytes, DC (1949, LACC); 834 Central, Salinas CA 93901 (408-424-0959); granddaughter is Debbie Schlecht
- Dishman, Robt W, MA, DC (DO); 34898 Tioga, Thousand Palms CA 92276 (619-343-4205; W: 619-320-6449, FAX: 619-325-4089)
- Gruber, Beth, DC; 2750 Bellflower Blvd, Suite 105, Long Beach CA 90815 (562-496-2727; e-mail: Bethxruff@juno.com)
- Robert B. Jackson, DC (1950, CCC/Oakland); Rt. 1, Box 4511, A-5, Jones OK 73049 (405-399-5051)
- Carl R. Jud, DC (1935); retired; residence: 75 Oneida Ave, San Francisco CA 94112 (415-334-7691)
- Adolph J. Lepori, DC (1934); 6604 S. Land Park Drive, Sacramento CA 95831 (916-338-0597)
- Herbert I Magee Jr., DC (1954, LACC); office: 703 Whipple Ave, Redwood City CA 94063 (415-366-2104); residence: 3902 Peppertree CT., Redwood City CA 94061 (415-369-9959) [letter sent]
- Herbert I Magee, Sr., DC (1941); retired; residence: 169 Walnut Drive, Morgan Hill CA 95037 (408-779-6188)

- Ralph J. Martin, DC, ND (SCCC, 1938); 11579 SW Davies Road #2907, Beaverton OR (503-579-6451) [as of 12/9/93)
- B. Franklyn Miner DC (1944); Box 1239, S. Lake Tahoe CA 95705 (916-544-7700)
- David Roy, DC (1920); 1447 Sierra Creek Way, San Jose CA 95132 (408-251-0658)
- Leonard J. Savage, DC, DABCO; residence: 12603 Moorpark St, Studio City CA 91604 [letter sent]
- Franklin Schoenholtz, DC (1962); 160 E. Sycamore, Arcadia CA 91006
- Carl Schmidt, DC (1935); 26 Broderick St., San Francisco CA 94117 (415-954-1426)
- Lake Sharpe, DC (1931); 394 E. Evelyn Ave #0, Sunnyvale CA 94086

#### **OTHER SOURCES**

- Wolf Adler DO, DC, ND, LLB; 15906 Devonshire Street, Grenada Hills CA 91344 (818-892-7985)
- William Adler, DC2B (Wolf Adler's son); 10444 Virginia Avenue, Apt. 203, Whittier CA 90603 (310-943-1531)
- Keith Asplin PhD, Provost, John Bastyr College of Natural Health Sciences, 144 NE 54th Street, Seattle WA 98105 (206-523-9585)
- Bonnie Beaver, (James F McGinnis' step-granddaughter); 10431 Creston Drive, Los Altos CA 94024 (408-737-0282)
- Wade Boyle, N.D., 623 Neely Manor Boulevard, East Palestine OH 44413; also: Mantell Medical Clinic, 6505 Mars Road, Evans City PA 16033 (412) 776-5610
- Bob Gray DC, 6317 Wilshire Blvd, Los Angeles CA 90048 (was dean when HCC merged with LACC?)
- Philip L Gwynn DC, 7049 Rolling Green Drive, Spring Hill FL 34606 (904-688-1087)
- Friedhelm Kirchfeld, M.L.S., National College of Naturopathic Medicine, 11213 S.E. Market, Portland OR 97216
- John Randolph & Dora Haynes Foundation; (as of 1985) 727 West Seventh St., # 618, Los Angeles CA 90017 (213-623-9151)
- Ernest J. Smith, D.C. (1920 grad of National); 135 Monte Vista Ave, Watsonville CA 95076-3271 (died, Nov. 1991)
- Sutro State Geneological Library, 480 Winston (off 19th Ave), San Francisco CA [open M-F, 10AM-5PM](415-731-4477)
- Stanford Research Institute, International; 333 Ravenswood Avenue, Menlo Park CA 94025 (415-326-6200)

#### **OTHER ADDRESSES**

Marie Oliva; P.O. Box 660363, Arcadia CA 91066 (Home: 818-285-8845; studio: 714-999-5015)

Interview with J. Gordon Anderson, D.C., N.D. and Robert W Dishman, D.C., N.D., M.A. audiotaped by J. Keating, R. Phillips and Marie Oliva on 2/14/92 at LACC

- -Anderson earned ND in 1948, took coursework in herbology and obstretrics
- -Anderson was at SCCC in 1940-41(attended "night school," 6-10PM), went to war in 1942, graduated with Lloyd Clark in June, 1946; had to solicit signatures for diplomas; Lyle Holland was president at the time; JG thinks Lackey may have been president before Holland
- -Anderson was editor of Chirogram and Academic Dean in 1976-77; Chirogram died under Quigley in 1977
- -1976-77: LACC on probation with CCE (confidential probation), probably due to finances and organization of board and faculty
- -Anderson taught at SCCC in 1946; Eacrett, Montenegro, Martin, Lackey and Nugent were chief players; LACC name was a condition of sale to CCEF
- -Anderson doesn't recall Martin as SCCC president
- -I.S. Keynes was Acting Dean at SCCC when Anderson graduated
- -Clyde Knouf did bloodwork at Eacrett Labs
- -after SCCC/LACC merger the SCCC campus was used for basic science instruction, LACC campus for clinical instruction
- -Anderson doesn't recall competition between LACC and SCCC
- -Anderson started at Ratledge College under "Haynes Scholarship";
   Haynes and Higley's chemistry text used at SCCC
- -when Anderson started at SCCC: Keynes taught anatomy and was Acting Dean; E.P. Webb taught technique; McMurtrey was part-time instructor; Higley taught labs; Haynes taught chemistry full-time in 1946
- -Anderson & Dishman were at San Diego Naval Hospital with AC Johnson; Dishman started chiropractic clinic with Ed Mesky and AC Johnson; Mesky had nurse stand guard while Dishman adjusted...called it "heavy stretching"
- -Anderson recalls admiral for 11th naval district looking for DCs; he treated the admiral
- -Dishman dealt with burn victims from Iwo Jima
- -AC Johnson's Polio Foundation; Johnson's Drugless Therapeutics text used at SCCC; Johnson lectured occassionally at SCCC (according to Anderson); Johnson stayed out of politics; Johnson attended PT school in the Navy; Johnson had office on Alvarado, near SCCC; Johnson was a "very practical man" (Dishman)
- -Dishman recalls of Johnson: "he had alternative therapies that you couldn't believe. He had vascular equipment for peripheral vascular disease. And he did tonsils and hemorrhoids and gynecology"
- -Jules Bernhardt DC tried in the mid-1960s after pregnant mother had embolism (on **LACC** patient); Bernhardt was a Rutgers graduate
- -Dishman practiced obstetrics, proctology; LaBrae Hospital had DC-obstetricians
- -Montenegro was a strong advocate of broad-scope chiropractic; the war changed things...DCs had hoped for credit-transfer at the College of Osteopathic Physicians & Surgeons

- -1950s: the LACC/SCCC grad school taught proctology, obstetrics, minor surgery; Anderson began as dean of LACC grad school in 1953
- -"radionics research" was taught at the LACC into the 1960s; J. Ralph John, DC, LACC Board president, was big into radionics; Dishman worked for Dr. John in 1948

#### **Letter from David Aytes, DC** to J. Keating, 8/6/93:

Dear Dr. Keating,

Thank you for your interesting letter and purpose. I compliment you.

My granddaughter, Debbie, is a wonderful lady.

9/1/37 I entered LACC as a student, evening classes.

Dr. A.V. Nilsson taught anatomy.

Dr. Wilma C. Wood was president of the school.

Dr. Frank B. Hamilton taught O.B. and gynecology clinic.

I did not meet Dr. Linnie A. Cale, but heard much of her.

Dr. George Haynes was our chemistry teacher.

Dr. Higley taught......

I heard much of Dr. Goodfellow, but never met him.

I heard much of Dr. Bernard Jensen, but never met him

Dr. Ralph Martin taught diagnosis.

Dr. Maynard Lipe taught psychiatry.

Dr. Delbert Metzinger taught technic and adjusting. He and Dr.

A.V. Nilsson were backbone which held the college together.

Dr. F. Miner was an excellent adjuster, student.

Dr. Leo Montenegro was a popular student, not in our class.

Dr. Lee Norcross became our CCA legal advisor.

I visited the Ratledge school once. He preceded me.

Dr. L.P. Roberts taught diagnosis.

1941- I dropped out of school due to WWII, enlisted in U.S. Navy Hospital Corps, served with U.S. Marines, sent to Hawaii, completed a cost of Area Naval Hospital Base, returned and ?????? discharge, and returned to Fresno, CA, to be with my wife and son and ??? twins.

1948- Returned to LACC to complete and graduate 6/15/50 with 5200 hours class time + navy experience gained.

1950. 1/15/50 graduated, passted State Board, received license.

9/1/50- Opened office in ???? Built practice on cases M.D.'s considered "hopeless," saw most recover and live normal lives. God promised wisdom to treat almost all types of cases successfully, from child deliveries to cancer.

I am now 80 years of age and ready to gbe transplanted to heaven to spend eternity with God. Best wishes upon your plans.

David Aytes, D.C.

# Letter from Robert W Dishman, MA, DC to J. Keating, 7/29/91: Dear Joe,

I enclose a photo of myself as you requested. In reviewing the diploma records of LACC I note Ralph Martin graduated in the class of 1938-1939 from SCCC and who became pres. of LACC in 1949. I have his last address back in 1986 located in Arcadia (near Pasadena).

EP Webb was clinic director and my first mentor for foot manipulation. Ralph Martin was on the teaching faculty the same year. Ralph Hoard DO also taught foot manipulation. Delbert Metzinger of LACC Faculty was a major contributor to my foot manipulation. In 1946-1947 B. Franklin Miner trained by Metzinger also was a major contributor to foot manipulation. Both Miner and Metzinger trained Elmer Bones DC who was on my faculty teaching manipulation head to toe. Dr. Miner I believe if my memory serves me was a member of the Board of Regents as was Paul Malipara DC. The latter has been a State Board member, but he remembers little or nothing of Hollywood College.

Another resource for Hollywood College is Lavere H Latta BS, DC, who lives in Ventura or Santa Barbara. He is living and well. By the way, 1942 SCCC faculty is Clyde (not Claude) Martin who was a DO-physician & surgeon ENT specialist. Sorry - his last name is Gillette. There was a Clyde Martin in the era which has nothing to do with the subject.

I will attempt to contact Ralph Martin by writing a letter. No phone is listed.

Keep in touch, Bob

- Robert W. Dishman, MA, DC (DO?); 31225 La Baya, West Lake Village CA 91362 (near Malibu) (W: 818-889-5572; H:805-496-4304)
- -former dean of the Hollywood College of Chiropractic (during the 1950s)
- -writes in *Dynamic Chiropractic* on foot care

**Telephone interview** with J. Keating on 3/9/91

- -graduated from Southern California College of Chiropractic Physicians & Surgeons
- -knew TF Ratledge very well
- -trained with Homer York; was alarmed with straight chiropractors willingness to treat serious respiratory infections with spinal adjustments only
- **Audio-taped interview** with J. Keating on Saturday, 5/11/91 in Whittier CA
- -attended Southern California College of Chiropractic (SCCC), which emphasized "physician-surgeon possibility" for DCs; school was aligned with NDs and DOs, wished to increase scope of practice to include "at least minor surgery and the use of certain medicines"
- -interdisciplinary faculty at **SCC**: DCs, MDs, NDs, DOs, DSCs and athletic trainers
- -"strapped the foot, various pads and tapes to take care of all kinds of ordinary chiropody ailments...."
- -"we covered arch-supports, particularly the kinds chiropodists would make in their own offices...pads were glued into the shoe."
- -"we also did a lot of taping of the foot...."
- -all foot manipulation instruction from DCs; DSCs didn't teach foot manipulation
- -overall, not a great deal of instruction in footcare; most students were not interested; however, a few DCs were quite interested, especially those involved in dealing with sports injuries (circa 1940), who did a lot of taping
- 1943: Dr. D in navy at amputation/rehab center of naval hospital in Vallejo CA, where he was in charge of the PT department; when Lt Commander (MD) arrived to take over department, Dishman (not commissioned) was required to get MD's prescription to adjust patients
- -"in about two months I was fully occupied giving adjustments"
- -Ted Shrader DC worked in brace shop at same naval hospital, made foot orthotics
- 1947: Dishman teaches his first footcare seminar to 25-30 doctors at Royal Palms Hotel; not college-sponsored because **LACC** had no post-graduate program; Dishman had already published several papers on chiro footcare
- 1947: speaks with **Lee Norcross** at **LACC** re grad school offerings in orthopedics and footcare
- 1948: Dishman moves to Pomona, starts foot orthotics lab in Pomona; "got away from **LACC**, and the next thing I knew Dr. **Lipe** had started the orthopedic class about 1948. I came back...."; continues to operate Pomona lab
- -Dishman taught LACC grad seminars at various CA cities
- -Dr Webb (LACC? SCCC?) regularly treated feet by manipulation (DC?, maybe DO?)

- -Dr. Hoard? (DO) was an "excellent manipulator of the foot"
- -faculty at **COP&S** did foot manip; occassionally gave foot technique seminars at **SCCC**; "it was quite specific"
- -Delbert J. Metzinger DC "he was an excellent foot manipulator....he manipulated every joint in the body... one of his students was Elmer Bones" who later served on faculty at Hollywood College of Chiropractic
- -"Metzinger lineage" included **Elmer Bones**, Al? Logan (no relation to Vinton; wrote book on manipulation), Franklin Miner
- -Metzinger and Hiss Clinics were "leading" providers of foot manipulation
- -Dishman also learned foot manip informally from Mel Wheadon DC
- -Metzinger and Bones strove for audibles, sometimes hurt patients; Metzinger, Ratledge and Homer York were exclusively "articular thrusters"
- -Dishman prefers osteopathic techniques ("relieving fibrosis by mobilization rather than thrusting") & soft-tissue methods & stretching because more gentle, painless
- -Hiss Clinic: surprised Dishman; elevated chair for seated manip, some standing manipulations; no table; Hiss had a "volume practice, but not as much as Locke"; Hiss Clinic emphasized "high velocity thrusting"
- -"Locke was a legend....probably an exaggeration....all different types of people.....ballet and other dancers were disabled....", got quick relief from Locke
- -Locke's methods: Dishman had heard that "he delivered a high velocity kind of thrust, and he did it very quickly. All the Locke maneuvers that we've been taught were high velocity thrusting...."
- Interview with William Andrew Nelson, DC, ND (1934 graduate of San Francisco College of Chiropractic [SFCC]) by J. Keating and R.A. Brown on 10/24/91; office: 500 Sutter St. #908, San Francisco CA 94102 (415-391-1702); residence: 2045 Rivera Drive, Burlingame CA 94010 (415-697-6676);
- -Nelson born on October 30, 1914
- -Nelson's diploma from SFCC dated March 9, 1934; date on seal says "Incorporated June 13, 1922" and is signed by "LW Hosford DC, PhC, MC, President of the Board" and "CJ Martin DC, PhC, MC, Secretary of the Board"; SFCC located on Sutter Street in SF
- -SFCC's president and owner was Leo W. Hosford, DC, who also operated a mortician's/embalming school, and possibly also the San Francisco College of Drugless Healing; Nelson recalls that Hosford "was looking for any dollar he could get" and he "made a bundle of money"
- -SFCC course was 2.5 years long (probably 2,400 hours); Nelson believes SFCC was only school operating in SF at the time; all 40 students ("first, second and third year all together") in one classroom on second floor of bldg; first floor was clinic, office and reception area; third floor was embalming college; no dissection: anatomy learned from textbooks; Hosford taught philosophy (i.e., "chiropractic can cure anything")
- -SFCC instructors included a Dr. Martin, who taught physiology, diagnosis, anatomy and patholgy, and Dr. [?Frank?] Hamilton, who taught OB/GYN [Frank Hamilton DC had been dept chair and taught OB/GYN at LACC in 1950 (Gibbons, 1982)]
- -Nelson's diploma from Sierra States University, College of Naturopathy [SSU/CN] dated March, 1939 & date on seal of SSU/CN is July 20, 1927; diploma signatories were "Raymond L. Peters, President of the Board, Morie Peters, Secretary of

the Board, FE Fiske DC, ND, GT O'Sullivan PhD, ND, Terrence J Bennett DC, ND"; naturopathic school was apparently not successful, did not survive

-although he was "high man for the state" on state board exam, **Nelson** doesn't receive license until 10/35, when he turns 21

-Terrence J. Bennett DC (who signed Nelson's DC diploma) may have graduated from Oakland Chiropractic College or from SFCC; Bennett was already practicing his NeuroVascular Dynamics (NVD) in 1937 when Nelson moved practice into Bennett's office; NVD was derivative of Hurley & Saunder's (1932) Aquarian Age Healing; Bennett had come from New Mexico, may have been a baker; Bennett "had the advantage of not having too much education" which made him more inquiring; Nelson recalls that Bennett's bookcase was FULL

1998 (Feb 23): letter from J.G. Anderson DC, ND to J.C. Keating:

Dear Joe:

Thanks for sending Bob Jackson's paper on George Haynes. It hit the mark on the head - an excellent report.

I hope that while you are writing the history of L.A.C.C. you will emphasize the importance of the college's role in promoting postgraduate studies as the first in chiropractic education.

Almost as soon as the merger between the Southern California College of Chiropractic and the Los Angeles College of Chiropractic were completed, a graduate school was formed to meet the need for continuing education requested by many practicing doctors who recognized there was much to be learned besides what they were taught in school.

This was also encouraged by many leaders of the profession who firmly believed they could practice "...Chiropractic as taught in chiropractic schools and colleges," as there was nothing in Sec. 7 of the Chiropractic Initiative Act of 1922 that stated that it had to be taught as an undergraduate course, why not teach it on a graduate level?

Under Dr. Lee Norcross as the first dean of the graduate school, the following courses were offered. (see addendum #1, copy of September 1949 issue of Chirogram.) Classes were offered in Oakland, Fresno, San Diego, and L.A.C.C. on Venice Blvd. Los Angeles. The faculty of the graduate school is presente din the February 1950 Chirogram. Addendum #2

By 1950, the graduate school offered additional courses of General Practice, Hospital Procedures, Chiropractic Reflex Technology, Gynecology, Urology, and Clinical and Office Practice.

In 1951, the courses actually taught were Psychiatry, Proctology, General Diagnosis, X-ray, OB & Pediatrics, Radionic Research, Iridiagnosis, Internist and Gynecology. However, many had too few students to support the cost of presentation but were supported by others that were well attended. The classes were not intended to make money, but to gain the good will of the profession by giving them the tools to expand their practice, and, hopefully, the legal right to practice in a broad manner.

In May, 1952 E.E.N.T. and Basic Science courses were added. About this time, it was decided that the courses must be self sufficient and sustain themselves so that the graduate school shold at least support its self or, hopefully, make a profit. Classes that were poorly attended were gradually faded out.

Dr. Lee Norcross was replaced in October, 1952, with Dr. James A. Newton appointed as acting dean. The graduate school now offered Minor Surgery, Proctology, (Dr. Newton was a chiropractic proctologist), X-ray, E.E.N.T., Internist and Bynecology & Urology. All classes were taught at L.A.C.C. campus in Glendale except for one course in Oakland. In October of 1953, a class of General Practice was started in Fresno.

Dr. J.G. Anderson, D.C., N.D., was appointed as the second Dean of the graduate school in November, 1953. (Chirogram) Addendum #3.

By November, 1954, classes were presented only in Glendale and were Minor Surgery, Ozone Research, Internist, General Practice, Irdology and Ophthalmoscopy, Obstetrics & Gynecology, psychiatry, & rehabilitation, X-ray, Proctology, and Internist.

The graduate school continued to offer courses whenever and wherever a group would get enough participants to support the cost. The courses that were most popular were, X-ray, General Diagnosis, Proctology, and Internist.

In the next few years, the graduate school expanded by presenting courses in San Francisco, Oakland, Redding, Fresno, San Diego, and Phoenix as well as those on campus in Glendale.

About 1956, the graduate school was asked to present our Internist course in Lansing, Michigan. Dr. Seymour Cane, who practised in Muskegan at that time, assured me that they had approached Dr. Janse at the National College of Chiropractic, with the same request but were turned down as the National College were not interested in Post-graduate education.

At Dr. Cane's invitation, I visited him and his colleagues in Michigan, and, as a result, set up a course in Lansing, Michigan. When I returned a year later after the completion of their first year, Dr. T.J.M. Schwab who practiced on St. Joseph, Michigan, too me to National College to meet Dr. Janse.

I received a very cold reception, having my graduate school now operating in his back yard. Apparently, however, it was a stimulus for him, because soon afterwards the National College began to present post-graduate courses.

The first Orthopedics course leading to certification was introduced at about this time with Dr. Ronald Lawrence, D.O., (M.D.) as instructor. The course was an instant success and eventually became, along with Roentgenology, the backbone of post-graduate education. Internist classes continued to be well supported, but the fringe groups faded away and disappeared.

The graduate courses were numbered and given units. A program was set up whereby those interested could gain a masters degree by completing sixty units of graduate school education. Dr. Bill Meyers was one who accomplished this goal and received the degree.

After Dr. Lawrence guided the early orthopedics classes to their certification, Dr. Maynard Lipe, one of the first to become certified, was hired to continue as the Orthopedics instructor.

Upon my resignation as Dean of the Graduate School in 1964, Dr. Maynard Lipe succeeded me as the third Dean of the Graduate School.

### Papers by Ralph J. Martin, D.C.

Martin RJ. Study of ultrasonics. *Journal of the National Chiropractic Association* 1952 (July); 22(7):24-

Martin RJ. Modern chiropractic education. *Journal of the National Chiropractic Association* 1954 (July); 24(7):24-5

Martin RJ. Neurophysiology and ultrasonics. *Journal of the National Chiropractic Association* 1956 (Feb); 26(2):15-

Martin RJ. New horizons. *Journal of the National Chiropractic Association* 1956 (Nov); 26(11):11-

Martin RJ. Specialized diathermy technic. *Official Bulletin of the National Council on Chiropractic Physiotherapy* 1956 (Apr); 3(1): 20, 21, 23

Martin RJ. Field program in clinical research in ultrasonics. Official Bulletin of the National Council on Chiropractic Physiotherapy 1957 (Jan); 3(4): 16, 20, 21

Martin RJ. Ultrasonic research project moves forward. Journal of the National Chiropractic Association 1958 (Feb); 28(2):30, 62

Martin RJ. Council research project. Journal of the National Chiropractic Association 1958 (Apr); 28(4):29Martin RJ. Vasomotor reflexes. Journal of the National Chiropractic Association 1959 (July); 29(7):21-

Martin RJ. Rational use of ultrasonics. Official Bulletin of the National Council on Chiropractic Physiotherapy 1960 (Nov); 6(4): 3, 21

Martin RJ. Accreditation must come first. Chirogram 1966 (Jan); 33(1):16-7

CALIFORNIA SCHOOLS [adapted and corrected from: Ferguson A, Wiese G. Chiropractic schools of record, 1897-1985. Chiropractic History 1988 (July); 8(1):32-6]

Blue: Ferguson & Wiese's original information

**Color Code:** 

Green: expanded or corrected from Ferguson & Wiese's (1988) original

American College of Chiropractic, Los Angeles [1936]

Berkeley Chiropractic College, Berkeley 1922-1932

Bullis Chiropractic School - Oakland College of Chiropractic, Oakland 1913-1920

Bullis & Davis School of Neuropathy, Ophthalmology and Chiropractic, Los Angeles [1911]

Cale College of Chiropractic, Los Angeles 1925-1929

California Chiropractic College, Oakland 1913-1963

California College of Electro-Mechano Therapy [1925]

California College of Natural Healing Arts, Los Angeles 1938-1946 Formerly Chiropractic College of America 1933-1938 Formerly Cale College of Naturopathy 1927-1933

Chiropractors, Inc., Los Angeles 1920-[1921]

Cleveland Chiropractic College of Los Angeles, Los Angeles 1951-Formerly Ratledge College of Chiropractic 1911-1955

College of Drugless Healing, Naturopathy, Los Angeles [1945] Formerly College of Drugless Healing, Los Angeles 1939-1942

College of Medical and Drugless Surgeons, Los Angeles 1920-[19--]

Columbia College of Chiropractic, Sacramento [1943]

Columbia College of Chiropractic and Naturopathy, Sacramento 1953-1955

Formerly Columbia College of Chiropractic (Alameda) 1933-1953

Continental Chiropractic College, Berkeley 1936-1943

Continental Chiropractic College, Los Angeles 1935-1946

Davis College of Neuropathy, Los Angeles [1914]

Eclectic College of Chiropractic 1917-1924

Golden State College of Chiropractic, Los Angeles 1923-1926

Hollywood College, School of Naturopathic Physicians & Surgeons, School of Chiropractic; also known as Hollywood College of Chiropractic, Hollywood 1949-1963

Red: questionable or uncertain information

Formerly Drown College of Chiropractic and Drown College of Radio Therapy & Natural Healing 1948-1949

Formerly Pasadena College of Chiropractic 1922-1948

Kinetic Drugless College of Chiropractic, Los Angeles [1926]

Life Chiropractic College-West, San Lorenzo 1982-Formerly Pacific States Chiropractic College 1976-1981

Los Angeles College of Chiropractic, Whittier 1911- (comprised of at least 13 schools; see Appendix A)

Los Angeles College of Natural Healing Arts, Los Angeles - 1938-

McMillan's [Swedish Medical Gymnastic and Naturopathic] Institute, San Jose 1924-1926

Dr. H.B. Moore, San Diego [1914]

National College of Drugless Physicians

Naturopathic Institute of California 1905-1951

Oakland Chiropractic College, Oakland [1905-1918]

Pacific College of Chiropractic and Drugless Therapeutics, Berkeley 1927-1937

Palmer Chiropractic School, Santa Barbara 1903-1904

Palmer College of Chiropractic/West, Sunnyvale 1980-Formerly Northern California College of Chiropractic 1978-1980

Pasadena College of Chiropractic, Pasadena 1980-Formerly University of Pasadena, College of Chiropractic 1973-[1980]

Ratledge System of Chiropractic Schools, Los Angeles 1911-1955 (also called Ratledge Chiropractic College)

R.A. Ratledge College of Chiropractic, Long Beach 1921-19??

San Diego School of Chiropractic, San Diego 1910-[1914]

Formerly Clewell Chiropractic College [1911-1938]

San Francisco Chiropractic College, San Francisco [1927-1938] Standard Chiropractic College, Inc., Sacramento 1922-1937 San Francisco College of Chiropractic, San Francisco 1933-1944, Standard Chiropractic College, Inc., San Francisco 1922-1944 1946-1951 Formerly West Coast Chiropractic College, Inc. 1922-1933 Standard Chiropractic College, Inc., San Jose 1922-1939 San Francisco College of Chiropractic and Drugless Physicians, San State College of Chiropractic and Naturopathic Physicians, San Jose Francisco 1925-1946 [1938] Sierra State University, San Francisco 1938-[19??] Storey's School of Chiropractic [1909-<1921] Formerly Golden State Chiropractic College (Berkeley) 1927-1938 West Coast College of Chiropractic, Oakland [1929] Sinclair College of Chiropractic, Santa Rosa 1900-1912 Western College of Chiropractic and Drugless Therapy, San Francisco Southern California College of Chiropractic, Los Angeles 1938-1947 1923-1927 Formerly College of Chiropractic Physicians 1937-1938 Formerly Western College (School) of Chiropractic 1920-1923 Formerly College of Chiropractic Physicians and Surgeons 1931-Western University of Chiropractic, San Diego 1935-[1943] Formerly Southern California College of Chiropractic 1929-1931

Standard Chiropractic College, Inc., Oakland 1922-1938

Formerly Cale College of Chiropractic 1925-1929

# ADMINISTRATIVE CHRONOLOGY OF THE LACC AND ITS PREDECESSOR INSTITUTIONS, 1911-1961

Term	School	President (or CEO)	Dean
1911-1920	Los Angeles College of	Charles A. Cale, DC, ND, founder and	?
	Chiropractic (LACC)	owner	
1921-22	LACC	Charles A. Cale, DC, ND, founder and owner	George Starr White, MD, PhD, DC
1923	LACC	Linnie A. Cale, DC, DO	George Starr White, MD, PhD, DC
1925-1947	LACC	Charles H. Wood, DC, ND, owner	Linnie A. Cale, DC, DO
1947 (May) -1948 (July)	LACC	?(purchased by <b>CCEF</b> in May, 1947, non-profit)?	Benedict Lupica, MA, DC
1948 (June)	LACC	J Ralph John, DC	Raymond H. Houser, DC
1949- ??	LACC	Ralph J Martin DC, PhC, ND	Raymond H. Houser, DC
1953??-1974??	LACC	Vierling Kersey, Ped.D.	George H. Haynes, DC, MS
1974-76	LACC	George H. Haynes, DC, MS	?
1917	Eclectic College of Chiropractic (ECC)	Charles H. Wood, DC, ND, founder and owner	?
1923	ECC	Charles H. Wood, DC, ND, founder and	?
1924?	ECC merges into LACC	owner -	-
1923	Golden State College of Chiropractic (GSCC)	James G. Reynolds, DC, founder and co- owner	?
1924?	GSCC merges into LACC	-	-
1958	Hollywood College of Chiropractic (HCC)	Helen Sanders, DC	Robert W. Dishman, DC
1962 or 1963	HCC merges into LACC	-	-
1925	Cale College of Chiropractic (CCC)	Charles A. Cale, DC, ND, founder and owner	?
1929	CCC becomes Southern California College of	Charles A. Cale, DC, ND	?
1931	Chiropractic (SCCC) SCCCbecomes College of Chiropractic Physicians & Surgeons (CCP&S)	?	?
1933- 1935	CCP&S	RC Bertheau, DC, ND	JP Mason, DC, ND

1936- 1937	CCP&Srenamed SCCC	RC Bertheau, DC, ND	JP Mason, DC, ND
1938- 1942 1944- 1945	SCCC SCCC	CB Eacrett, DC, ND CB Eacrett, DC, ND	Wolf Adler DC, ND Patrick Lackey, ND, DC
1947	SCCC purchased by CCEF, merges with "new" LACC	-	

**Appendix A**: Name, date of founding or re-organization, and owner or status of the ancestor institutions of the Los Angeles College of Chiropractic

